

Financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2022

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FISHERIES RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (FRDC)

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGING DIRECTOR AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

In our opinion, the attached financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2022 comply with subsection 42(2) of the Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013 (PGPA Act), and are based on properly maintained financial records as per subsection 41(2) of the PGPA Act.

In our opinion, at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the FRDC will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

atrick Whose	Jan 19, 2023
Signed	
Dr Patrick Hone	Date
Managing Director	
Cherlel	Jan 18, 2023
Signed	
Ms Cheryl Cole	Date
Chief Financial Officer	

				Original PBS
	Notes	2022-23	2021-22	budget
NET COST OF SERVICES	Notes	\$	\$	\$
Expenses				
Employee benefits	1.1A	2,069,576	1,618,427	3,952,000
Suppliers	1.1B	561,444	436,142	1,110,000
Research and development	1.1C	10,592,233	13,341,719	35,850,000
Depreciation and amortisation	2.2A	179,680	177,307	370,000
Finance costs	1.1D	4,358	3,811	7,000
Total expenses		13,407,291	15,577,406	41,289,000
Own-source income				
Own-source revenue				
Revenue from contracts with customers	1.2A	-	800,000	-
Interest	1.2B	449,489	19,958	100,000
Contributions	1.2C	1,759,848	1,700,513	9,167,000
Other revenue	1.2D	5,569	40,244	2,000,000
Total own-source revenue		2,214,906	2,560,715	11,267,000
Total own-source income		2,214,906	2,560,715	11,267,000
Net (cost of) services		(11,192,385)	(13,016,691)	(30,022,000)
Revenue from the Australian Government	1.2E	15,462,282	15,463,276	24,855,000
Surplus/(deficit)		4,269,897	2,446,585	(5,167,000)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net	cost of services			
Changes in asset revaluation reserve	2.2A	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		4,269,897	2,446,585	(5,167,000)

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

	Notes	2022-23 \$	2021-22 \$	Original PBS budget
ASSETS				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	2.1A	34,793,018	31,619,285	16,073,000
Trade and other receivables	2.1B	914,863	689,157	1,883,000
Total financial assets		35,707,881	32,308,442	17,956,000
Non-financial assets ¹				
Buildings	2.2A	603,954	764,063	505,000
Plant and equipment	2.2A	52,595	91,418	41,000
Intangibles	2.2A	271,945	442,021	393,000
Other non-financial assets	2.2B	32,382	19,944	15,000
Total non-financial assets		960,876	1,317,446	954,000
Total assets		36,668,757	33,625,888	18,910,000
LIABILITIES				
Payables				
Suppliers	2.3A	-	-	200,000
Projects	2.3B	3,096,567	2,795,559	1,000,000
Other payables	2.3C	83,834	146,144	-
Total payables		3,180,401	2,941,703	1,200,000
Interest bearing liabilities				
Leases	2.4A	636,909	803,723	549,000
Total interest bearing liabilities		636,909	803,723	549,000
Provisions				
Employee provisions	3.1A	1,266,445	855,138	790,000
Total provisions		1,266,445	855,138	790,000
Total liabilities		5,083,755	4,600,564	2,539,000
Net assets		31,585,002	29,025,324	16,371,000
EQUITY				
Asset revaluation reserve		590,343	561,765	562,000
Retained earnings		30,994,659	28,463,559	15,809,000
Total equity		31,585,002	29,025,324	16,371,000

 $^{^{1}\,}$ Right-of-use assets are included in the following line item - $\,$ Buildings.

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

			Original PBS
	2022-23	2021-22	budget
	\$	\$	\$
RETAINED EARNINGS			
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	26,724,762	26,016,974	20,976,000
Opening balance	26,724,762	26,016,974	20,976,000
Comprehensive income			
Surplus/(deficit) for the period	4,269,897	2,446,585	(5,167,000)
Closing balance as at 31 December 2022	30,994,659	28,463,559	15,809,000
ASSET REVALUATION RESERVE			
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	590,343	561,765	562,000
Opening balance	590,343	561,765	562,000
Comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income			
Closing balance as at 31 December 2022	590,343	561,765	562,000
TOTAL EQUITY			
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	27,315,105	26,578,739	21,538,000
Adjusted opening balance	27,315,105	26,578,739	21,538,000
Comprehensive income			
Surplus/(deficit) for the period	4,269,897	2,446,585	(5,167,000)
Other comprehensive income	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-
Total comprehensive income	4,269,897	2,446,585	(5,167,000)
Closing balance as at 31 December 2022	31,585,002	29,025,324	16,371,000

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes. $\label{eq:conjunction}$

	otes	2022-23 \$	2021-22 \$	Original PBS budget \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received				
Receipts from the Australian Government		16,636,623	18,705,838	24,855,000
Contributions		2,537,366	3,728,549	10,981,000
Interest		207,132	13,286	100,000
Net GST received		1,386,342	973,142	-
Other		6,126	44,268	
Total cash received	_	20,773,589	23,465,083	35,936,000
Cash used				
Employees		(1,977,719)	(1,582,658)	(3,912,000)
Suppliers		(748,621)	(521,082)	(410,000)
Research and development		(12,166,757)	(14,499,058)	(35,850,000)
Interest payments on lease liabilities		(4,358)	(3,811)	(7,000)
Other		-	(335,330)	(700,000)
Total cash used		(14,897,455)	(16,941,939)	(40,879,000)
Net cash from/(used by) operating activities		5,876,134	6,523,144	(4,943,000)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Cash used				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(5,226)	-	(20,000)
Purchase of intangibles		-	(20,960)	(100,000)
Total cash used	_	(5,226)	(20,960)	(120,000)
Net cash (used by) investing activities	_	(5,226)	(20,960)	(120,000)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash used				
Principal payments of lease liabilities		(82,875)	(65,153)	(161,000)
Total cash used	_	(82,875)	(65,153)	(161,000)
Net cash (used by) financing activities	_	(82,875)	(65,153)	(161,000)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		5,788,033	6,437,031	(5,224,000)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period				
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		29,004,985	25,182,254	21,297,000

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Overview

Overview of the FRDC

The FRDC is an Australian Government controlled entity. It is a not-for-profit entity established as a statutory corporation on 2 July 1991 under the provisions of the *Primary Industries Research and Development Act 1989* (PIRD Act). The FRDC's principal place of business is 25 Geils Court Deakin, ACT 2600

The FRDC's mission is to act as a national thought leader, facilitating knowledge creation, collaboration and innovation to shape the future of fishing and aquaculture in Australia for the benefit of the Australian people. To achieve this, the FRDC plans, invests in and manages research and development for fishing and aquaculture, and the wider community, and ensures that the resulting knowledge and innovation is adopted for impact. The FRDC also undertakes monitoring of key indicators of change across fishing and aquaculture. This helps in the evaluation of impact that results from the FRDC's investments. Information collected is also of use to decision makers, to understand and respond to emerging issues.

The FRDC's strong relationships with sectors, managers and researchers are fundamental to enable the needs of key stakeholders to be identified and addressed.

The FRDC is structured to meet the following outcome:

Increased economic, social and environmental benefits for Australian fishing and aquaculture, and the wider community, by investing in knowledge, innovation and marketing.

The continued existence of the FRDC in its present form, and with its present outcome, is dependent on Australian Government policy, and on continuing funding from the Australian Government for the FRDC's outcome.

The basis of preparation

The financial statements are required by:

a) Section 42 of the Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- a) Public Governance, Performance and Accountability (Financial Reporting) Rule 2015 (FRR); and
- b) Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations including simplified disclosures for Tier 2 Entities under AASB 1060 issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis, and in accordance with the historical cost convention, except for certain assets and liabilities at fair value. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

New Accounting Standards

The new standards, revised standards, interpretations and amending standards that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to the current reporting period, did not have a material effect on the FRDC's financial statements.

Standard/ Interpretation	Nature of change in accounting policy, transitional provisions, and adjustment to financial statements
AASB 1060 General Purpose Financial Statements – Simplified Disclosures for For- Profit and Not-for-Profit Tier 2 Entities	AASB 1060 applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2021 and replaces the reduced disclosure requirements (RDR) framework. The application of AASB 1060 involves some reduction in disclosure compared to the RDR with no impact on the reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the entity.

Taxation

The FRDC is exempt from all forms of taxation except Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Events after the reporting period

No reportable events have occurred after the Statement of Financial Position date.

Financial performance

	2022-23	2021-22
Note 1.1: Expenses	\$	
Note 1.1A: Employee benefits		
Wages and salaries	1,675,004	1,328,633
Superannuation		
Defined contribution plans	133,771	94,98
Defined benefit plans	168,944	159,04
Leave and other entitlements	91,857	35,77
Total employee benefits	2,069,576	1,618,42
Accounting policy		
Accounting policies for employee related expenses are contained in the People and relation	onships section at Note 3.1A.	
Note 1.1B: Suppliers		
Goods and services supplied or rendered		
Asset purchases less than \$5,000	33,472	35,835
Audit fees	-	
External service providers	123,620	37,78
Insurance	16,823	15,110
Information technology	178,948	249,171
Legal	9,416	15,648
Office supplies	9,741	6,407
Postage and couriers	800	424
Property	11,288	10,661
Recruitment/director selection costs	-	1,145
Telecommunications	15,338	13,299
Training	43,168	5,516
Travel	57,003	2,603
	56,296	32,784
Other	20,250	
Other Total goods and services supplied or rendered	555,913	426,38
		426,38
Total goods and services supplied or rendered		426,38
Total goods and services supplied or rendered Other suppliers	555,913	4,83
Total goods and services supplied or rendered Other suppliers Workers compensation expenses	555,913	

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ The FRDC has no short-term lease commitments as at 31 December 2022.

The above lease disclosures should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes 2.2A and 2.4A.

Accounting policy

<u>Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets</u>

The FRDC has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets (less than \$10,000). The entity recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Note 1.1: Expenses continued	2022-23 \$	2021-22 \$
Note 1.1C: Research and development		
Projects		
Australian Government entities (related parties)	721,700	679,681
State and territory governments	2,111,283	2,540,432
Universities and educational bodies	3,019,009	5,259,570
Cooperative research centres	202,062	182,062
Research and development corporations	79,800	184,048
Industry (commercial, recreational and Indigenous)	2,614,870	3,019,009
Overseas research entities	70	-
Private providers	1,300,205	1,001,814
Stakeholder engagement and R&D activities ¹	543,236	475,104
Total Research and development	10,592,233	13,341,719

¹ Stakeholder engagement and R&D activities include the dissemination of research outputs, extension activities, development and R&D support. Stakeholder engagement was reclassified from other expenses in the comparative year, and is now disclosed in research and development.

Accounting policy

The FRDC recognises project liabilities through project agreements that require research partners to perform services or provide facilities, or to meet eligibility criteria. In these cases, liabilities are recognised only to the extent that the services required have been performed to the FRDC's satisfaction, an invoice issued consistent with the contractual requirements and the invoice approved by the FRDC delegate.

Project commitments

Project commitments comprise the future funding of approved projects that are contingent on the achievement of agreed deliverables over the life of those projects (project agreements are exchanged prior to release of the first payment on a project). Projects, where amounts were payable but were unpaid at the end of the period, have been brought to account as project payables. The FRDC contracts to fund projects in future years in advance of receipt of the income needed to fund them. FRDC manages this risk by having the project agreement allow for termination at its sole discretion for any reason. If the FRDC were to terminate a project agreement, it would only be liable to compensate the research partner for any reasonable costs in respect of unavoidable loss incurred by the research provider and directly attributable to the termination of the agreement, provided that the costs are fully substantiated to the FRDC.

Project commitments are payable as follows:		
Within 1 year	34,590,987	28,210,922
More than 1 year	37,386,900	35,214,621
More than 5 years	292,050	110,000
Total project commitments	72,269,937	63,535,544
Note: Project commitments are GST inclusive. Note 1.1D: Finance costs		
Finance leases	4,358	3,811
Total finance costs	4,358	3,811
Note 1.1E: Write down and impairment of assets Write down of intangible assets Total write down and impairment of assets		

Note 1.2: Own-source income and revenue from the Australian Government	2022-23 \$	2021-22 \$
Own-source revenue		
Note 1.2A: Revenue from contracts with customers		
Australian Government entities (related parties) - over time	-	800,000
Total revenue from contracts with customers	-	800,000

Accounting policy

Note 1.2B: Interest

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control has been transferred to the buyer. The FRDC determines a contract is in scope of AASB 15 when the performance obligations are required by an enforceable contract and the performance obligations within the enforceable contract are sufficiently specific to enable the FRDC to determine when they have been satisfied. The FRDC determines there to be an enforceable contract when the agreement creates enforceable rights and obligations. Performance obligations are sufficiently specific where the promises within the contract are specific to the nature, type, value and quantity of the services to be provided and the period over which the services must be transferred.

The FRDC receives revenue from the Australian Government under which it manages a suite of research activities. These activities are listed at Note 2.3B. FRDC has specific funding agreements with the Australian Government that include enforceable rights and performance obligations. The FRDC initially recognises the funding received as a liability to recognise the contract liability. Once the performance obligations have been satisfied as per the funding agreement deliverables over time, it is then recognised as revenue.

The transaction price is the total amount of consideration to which the FRDC expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer. The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed amounts, variable amounts, or both. All consideration promised in contracts with customers is included in the transaction price.

Receivables for services, which have 30 day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any impairment allowance account.

Collectability of debts is reviewed at the end of the reporting period. Allowances are made when collectability of the debt is no longer probable.

Deposits	449,489	19,958
Total interest	449,489	19,958
		-
Note 1.2C: Contributions		
Australian Prawn Farmers Association	213,304	135,616
Australian Fisheries Management Authority	-	9,500
Australian Capital Territory	-	16,500
New South Wales	15,450	50,000
Northern Territory	-	-
Queensland	412,667	460,000
South Australia	301,163	293,820
Tasmania	60,000	25,270
Victoria	-	36,000
Western Australia	757,264	673,807
Total contributions	1,759,848	1,700,513
Accounting policy		
Contributions are recognised as income when the FRDC recognises an asset in relation to a contribution or		
a right to receive a contribution, after recognising any other related amounts.		
Note 1.2D: Other revenue		
Project funds received	-	-
Project refunds of prior years expenditure	3,240	37,360
Other	2,329	2,884
Total other revenue	5,569	40,244
Note 1.2E: Revenue from the Australian Government		
Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry		
Corporate Commonwealth entity payment item of 0.50% of AGVP $^{\mathrm{1}}$	14,548,293	14,052,209
Matching of industry contributions ²	913,989	1,411,067
Total revenue from the Australian Government	15,462,282	15,463,276

¹ AGVP is the average gross value of fisheries production for the current year and the two preceding financial years. The Australian Government's contribution of 0.50% of AGVP is made on the grounds that the FRDC exercises a stewardship role in relation to fisheries resources on behalf of the Australian community.

Accounting policy

Revenue from the Australian Government

Revenues from the Australian Government are recognised when they are entitled to be received by the FRDC.

Funding received or receivable from non-corporate Commonwealth entities (appropriated to the non-corporate Commonwealth entity as a corporate Commonwealth entity payment item for payment to FRDC) is recognised as revenue from Government by the corporate Commonwealth entity unless the funding is in the nature of an equity injection or a loan.

² Matching of industry contributions (up to 0.25% of AGVP) by the Australian Government.

Financial position

Note 2.1: Financial assets	2022-23 \$	2021-22 \$
Note 2.1A: Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand or on deposit	34,793,018	31,619,285
Total cash and cash equivalents	34,793,018	31,619,285

Accounting policy

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes:

- a) cash on hand; and
- b) demand deposits in bank accounts with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

Note 2.1B: Trade and other receivables

Note 2.1B: Trade and other receivables		
Goods and services receivables		
Goods and services ¹	534,445	324,148
Total goods and services receivables	534,445	324,148
Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry		
Receivables		-
Total receivables from the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry		
Other receivables		
GST receivable from the Australian Taxation Office	138,061	358,337
FBT receivable from the Australian Taxation Office	-	-
Interest from the Commonwealth Bank	242,357	6,672
Total other receivables	380,418	365,009
Total trade and other receivables	914,863	689,157
Trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered		
No more than 12 months	914,863	689,157
Total trade and other receivables	914,863	689,157

 $^{^{1}}$ Credit terms for goods and services are within 30 days (2021-22: 30 days).

Accounting policy

Financial assets

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that are held for the purpose of collecting the contractual cash flows where the cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, that are not provided at below-market interest rates, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method adjusted for any loss allowance.

Note 2.2: Non-financial assets

Note 2.2A: Reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of property, plant and equipment and intangibles

		Plant and		
	Buildings	equipment	Intangibles	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
As at 1 July 2022				
Gross book value	1,195,837	90,700	1,036,330	2,322,867
Accumulated depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(505,296)	-	(712,452)	(1,217,748)
Total as at 1 July 2022	690,541	90,700	323,878	1,105,119
Additions				
Purchase or Internally developed	-	5,226	-	5,226
Right-of-use assets	-	-	-	-
Remeasurement of ROU Asset after CPI Increase	(2,171)	-	-	(2,171)
Revaluations recognised in other comprehensive income ¹	-	-	-	-
Impairments recognised in net cost of services	-	-	-	-
Depreciation and amortisation	-	(43,331)	(51,933)	(95,264)
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	(84,416)	-	-	(84,416)
Total as at 31 December 2022	603,954	52,595	271,945	928,494
Total as at 31 December 2022 represented by				
Gross book value	1,193,666	95,926	1,036,330	2,325,922
Accumulated depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(589,712)	(43,331)	(764,385)	(1,397,428)
Total as at 31 December 2022	603,954	52,595	271,945	928,494
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets	603,954	-	-	603,954

Accounting policy

Assets are recorded at cost on acquisition except as stated below. The cost of acquisition includes the fair value of assets transferred in exchange and liabilities undertaken. Financial assets are initially measured at their fair value plus transaction costs where appropriate.

Assets acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, are initially recognised as assets and income at their fair value at the date of acquisition, unless acquired as a consequence of restructuring of administrative arrangements. In the latter case, assets are initially recognised as contributions by owners at the amounts at which they were recognised in the transferor's accounts immediately prior to the restructuring.

Asset recognition threshold

Purchases of property, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position, except for purchases costing less than \$5,000 that are expensed in the year of acquisition (other than where they form part of a group of similar items where the value is greater than \$5,000)

Lease right-of-use (ROU) assets

Lease ROU assets are capitalised at the commencement date of the lease and comprise of the initial lease liability amount, initial direct costs incurred when entering into the lease less any lease incentives received. These assets are accounted for by Commonwealth lessees as separate asset classes to corresponding assets owned outright, but included in the same column as where the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

Following initial application, an impairment review is undertaken for any ROU lease asset that shows indicators of impairment and an impairment loss is recognised against any ROU lease asset that is impaired. Lease ROU assets continue to be measured at cost after initial recognition in Commonwealth agency, general government sector (GGS) and whole of government financial statements.

Revaluations

Following initial recognition at cost, property, plant and equipment (excluding ROU assets) are carried at fair value less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Valuations are conducted with sufficient frequency to ensure that the carrying amounts of assets do not differ materially from the assets' fair values as at the reporting date. The regularity of independent valuations depend on the volatility of movements in market values for the relevant assets.

Revaluation adjustments are made on a class basis. Any revaluation increment is credited to equity under the heading of asset revaluation reserve except to the extent that it reverses a previous revaluation decrement of the same asset class that was previously recognised in the surplus/deficit. Revaluation decrements for a class of assets are recognised directly in the surplus/deficit except to the extent that they reversed a previous revaluation increment for that class.

Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the asset restated to the revalued amount.

Depreciation

Depreciable property, plant and equipment assets are written off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives to the FRDC using, in all cases, the straight-line method of depreciation.

Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

	2022-23	2021-22
Buildings (including ROU assets)	Lease term	Lease term
Leasehold improvements	Lease term	Lease term
Plant and equipment	up to 5 years	up to 5 years

<u>Impairment</u>

All assets were assessed for impairment at 31 December 2022. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the FRDC were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal, or when no further future economic benefits are expected from its use or

Intangibles

The FRDC's intangibles comprise internally developed software and purchased software for internal use. These assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Software is amortised on a straight-line basis over its anticipated useful life. The useful lives of the FRDC's software is 10 years (2021-22: 10 years). All software assets were assessed for indications of impairment as at 31 December 2022.

	2022-23	2021-22
Note 2.2: Non-financial assets continued	\$	\$
Note 2.2B: Other non-financial assets		
Prepayments	32,382	19,944
Total other non-financial assets	32,382	19,944
	2022-23	2021-22
Note 2.3: Payables	\$	\$
Note 2.3A: Suppliers		
Trade creditors and accruals	-	-
Total suppliers		-
Settlement is usually made within 30 days.		
Note 2.3B: Projects		
Projects		
Australian Government entities	-	-
State and territory governments	-	-
Universities and educational bodies	-	-
Industry (commercial, recreational and Indigenous)	-	-
Contract liability ¹	3,094,782	2,795,559
Other	1,785	-
Total projects	3,096,567	2,795,559

¹ The contract liabilities from contracts with customers are associated with funding provided for research and development activities under Funding Agreements with the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry, NSW Department of Primary Industries, Australian Maritime Safety Authority, Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority and Department of Agriculture and Fisheries QLD as detailed below.

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry

- Assist with data generation to support Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) application
- Development of on-farm biosecurity plan implementation support programs for the aquaculture industry
- AQUAPLAN Development Workshop Publication
- Aquatic Animal Health Training Scheme 2019 2022
- Compilation of Information for the Marine Mammal Protection Act Comparability Finding Process
- Indigenous Engagement Strategy
- Finfish Ectoparasites Ag Vet 6 4-G1AHKTN
- Peracetic Ag Vet 6 4-G1AHKTN
- Tuna Champions Phase 2
- Finfish Parasites Toltrazuril 4-GWT37U6

The FRDC recognised a contract liability in 2022-23 totalling: \$643,882

NSW Department of Primary Industries

- NSW seafood product development program
- Research project to investigate and develop a framework to establish Aboriginal commercial fishing, aquaculture and other related businesses in NSW
- \bullet Research and development for Harvest Strategies in NSW

The FRDC recognised a contract liability in 2022-23 totalling: \$1,325,900

Australian Maritime Safety Authority

• Seafood Industry Safety Initiative (SISI) funding support

The FRDC recognised a contract liability in 2022-23 totalling: \$690,000

Great Barrier Reef Marine Park Authority

• Habitat ecological risk assessment for eco-regions with high trawl footprints, in southern Queensland

The FRDC recognised a contract liability in 2022-23 totalling: \$300,000

Department of Agriculture and Fisheries QLD

• Queensland aquaculture

The FRDC recognised a contract liability in 2022-23 totalling: \$135,000

Accounting policy

Project payables are recognised at their nominal amounts, being the amounts at which the liabilities will be settled. They relate to payments approved on achievement of agreed deliverables, but which were unpaid at the end of the reporting period. Settlement is usually made within 30 days.

As per AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, contract liabilities are recognised at their nominal amounts, being the amounts at which the liabilities are not yet settled. They relate to payments received for funding provided for research and development activities, of which specific performance obligations were not met at the end of the reporting period.

Note 2.3C: Other payables

FBT payable	(2,073)	(341)
PAYG payable	85,907	139,592
Other	-	6,893
Total other payables	83,834	146,144

Note 2.4: Interest bearing liabilities	2022-23 \$	2021-22 \$
Note 2.4A: Leases		
Lease liabilities ¹	636,909	803,723
Total leases	636,909	803,723

¹ Total cash outflow for leases for the period ended 31 December 2022 was \$82,875 plus finance costs of \$4,358.

The FRDC in its capacity as lessee has leased office accommodation located at:

- Fisheries Research House, 25 Geils Court, Deakin, Australian Capital Territory, which expires 31 July 2023, and has a 3 year right of renewal until 31 July 2026. Lease payments are paid on a monthly basis and subject to a 3 per cent annual increase in accordance with the lease agreement.
- Wine Australia, corner of Botanic and Hackney Roads, Adelaide, South Australia was renewed 1 August 2021 and expires on 31 July 2026, with an option to renew on 1 August 2026. Lease payments are subject to a CPI annual increase in accordance with the lease agreement.

The above lease disclosures should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes 1.1B and 2.4A.

Accounting policy

For all new contracts entered into, the FRDC considers whether the contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

Once it has been determined that a contract is, or contains a lease, the lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate is readily determinable, or the FRDC's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification to the lease. When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset or profit and loss depending on the nature of the reassessment or modification.

People and relationships

	2022-23	2021-22
Note 3.1: Employee provisions	\$	\$
Note 3.1A: Employee provisions		
Leave	1,266,445	855,138

Accounting policy

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits and termination benefits expected within 12 months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts.

Leave

The liability for employee benefits includes provision for annual leave and long service leave. The leave liabilities are calculated on the basis of employees' remuneration at the estimated salary rates that will be applied at the time the leave is taken, including the FRDC's employer superannuation contribution rates to the extent that the leave is likely to be taken during service rather than paid out on termination. The liability for long service leave has been determined by reference to the requirements of the short-hand method. The estimate of the present value of the liability takes into account attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation.

Superannuation

The FRDC's staff are members of the Public Sector Superannuation Scheme (PSS), or the PSS accumulation plan (PSSap), or other superannuation funds held outside the Australian Government.

The PSS is a defined benefit scheme for the Australian Government. The PSSap and any other superannuation funds are defined contribution schemes.

The liability for defined benefits is recognised in the financial statements of the Australian Government and is settled by the Australian Government in due course. This liability is reported in the Department of Finance's administered schedules and notes.

The FRDC makes employer contributions to the employee's defined benefit superannuation scheme at rates determined by an actuary to be sufficient to meet the current cost to the Australian Government. The FRDC accounts for the contributions as if they were contributions to defined contribution plans.

Note 3.2: Key management personnel remuneration

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the FRDC, directly or indirectly, including any director of the board (whether executive or otherwise) of the FRDC. The FRDC has determined the key management personnel to be the non-executive directors, the Managing Director and senior general managers. Key management personnel remuneration is reported in the table below:

	2022-23 \$	2021-22 \$
Short-term employee benefits	778,729	733,032
Post-employment benefits	126,329	118,175
Other long-term employee benefits	81,528	78,709
Total key management personnel remuneration expenses ¹	986,586	929,916

- 1 The total number of key management personnel that are included in the above table is 14 (2021-22: 13). They are made up of:
 - one non-executive director (Chair)
 - seven non-executive directors
 - one Managing Director
 - five senior general managers

lote 3.3: Annual total remuneration ranges (including superannuation) paid to key management personn	2022-23 el	2021-22
		10
Nil to \$39,999	0	10
\$40,000 to \$69,999	8	3
\$150,000 to \$249,999	5	4
\$360,000 to \$389,999	1	1
Total number of key management personnel	14	18

Note 3.4: Related party disclosures

Related party relationships

The FRDC is an Australian Government controlled entity. Related parties to this entity are non-executive directors, the Managing Director, senior general managers and other Australian Government entities.

The non-executive directors and the Managing Director of the FRDC during the year were:

Mr John	Williams	Chair

(Chair Remuneration Committee)

Professor Colin D. Buxton Director (Re-appointed 1 September 2021)

(Deputy Chair)

Dr Christopher Calogeras Director (Appointed 1 September 2021)

Dr Saranne Cooke Director (Re-appointed 1 September 2021)

(Chair Finance and Audit Committee)

Dr Patrick Hone Managing Director

Mrs Suzanne Hullick Director (Appointed 1 September 2021)

(Member Finance and Audit Committee)

Mr Boris Musa Director (Appointed 1 September 2021)

(Member Finance and Audit Committee)

Mr Alex Ogg Director (Appointed 1 September 2021)

(Member Remuneration Committee)

Dr Lyndal Thorburn Director (Appointed 1 September 2021)

(Member Remuneration Committee)

Note 3.4A: Transactions with director-related entities

The FRDC's practice is to disclose all transactions with an entity with whom a director has an association. This means that where directors have disclosed a material personal interest, all the transactions with that entity will be disclosed. Typically, the FRDC will not transact with all the entities for which a director has made such a declaration. The transactions that are not with related parties as defined by AASB 124 *Related Party Disclosures*, are identified below with an asterisk (*).

The FRDC's 'Board governance policy' provides guidance to directors on how the FRDC deals with material personal interests. Where a director has an association with an entity where a conflict has the potential to arise, in addition to the duty to disclose that association, the director absents him/herself from both the discussion and the decision-making process.

Given the breadth of Australian Government activities, related parties may transact with the government sector in the same capacity as ordinary citizens. These transactions have not been separately disclosed in this note.

The directors disclosed material personal interests during the directors' related period.

	osed material personal interests during the directors	
Director	Organisation and position held	Nature of interest
Professor C. D.	Institute for Marine and Antarctic Studies	Research projects or
Buxton	University of Tasmania *	work undertaken by
	Adjunct Professor	the organisation
	1 July 2022 to current	
Dr C. Calogeras	C-AID Consultants	Research projects or
	Director	work undertaken by
	1 July 2022 to current	the organisation
Dr P. Hone	CEO's Committee for the Council of Rural	Research projects or
	Research and Development Corporations	work undertaken by
İ	Member	the organisation
	1 July 2022 to current	
	National Marine Science Committee	Research projects or
	Member	work undertaken by
	1 July 2022 to current	the organisation
Mr B. Musa	Australian Barramundi Farmers Association (ABFA)	Research projects or
1	Non Executive Director and Treasurer	work undertaken by
	FRDC Project Number 2020-127	the organisation
	"ABFA IPA: RD&E project investment and	
	management via ABFA strategic plan 2021-2025"	
	1 July 2022 to current	
Mr A. Ogg	Seafood Industry Australia	Research projects or
	Member	work undertaken by
	1 July 2022 to current	the organisation

The following transactions occurred during the directors' related period with these entities.

Transactions with related parties	2022	2022-23		2021-22	
	Expenditure	Income	Expenditure	Income	
School of Humanities and Social Sciences, Faculty of Arts and Education Deakin University	-	-	-	-	
Southern Rock Lobster Ltd	84,700	-	82,500	-	
Institute for Marine and Antarctic Studies University of Tasmania	1,504,936	-	2,635,573	-	
C-AID Consultants	6,435	-	228,043	-	
Council of Rural Research and Development Corporations	-	-	7,773	-	
National Marine Science Committee	5,000	-	5,000	-	
Australian Barramundi Farmers Association	27,500	-	-	-	
Seafood Industry Australia	622,032	-	172,700	-	

All transactions were conducted under normal terms and conditions and include GST.

Note 3.4B: Other related party disclosures

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry

- Assist with data generation to support Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority application
- National Carp Control Program
- $\bullet \ \ Development \ of \ on-farm \ biosecurity \ plan \ implementation \ support \ programs \ for \ the \ aquaculture \ industry$
- AQUAPLAN Development Workshop Publication
- Aquatic Animal Health Training Scheme 2019 2022
- $\bullet \ {\sf Compilation} \ {\sf of Information} \ {\sf for the Marine Mammal Protection} \ {\sf Act Comparability Finding Process}$
- Indigenous Engagement Strategy
- Finfish Ectoparasites Ag Vet 6 4-G1AHKTN
- Peracetic Ag Vet 6 4-G1AHKTN
- Tuna Champions Phase 2
- Finfish Parasites Toltrazuril 4-GWT37U6

The FRDC has received new funding from the Department of Agiculture, Fisheries and Forestry in 2022-23 totalling: \$Nil (2021-22: \$800,000).

Agricultural Innovation Australia

The FRDC is one of 15 members of Agricultural Innovation Australia (AIA), a company limited by guarantee. The constitution of AIA prohibits the distribution of any assets and income to its

Financial instruments and fair value measurement

N . 44 5	2022-23	2021-22
Note 4.1: Financial instruments	3	ş
Note 4.1A: Categories of financial instruments		
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	34,793,018	31,619,285
Trade and other receivables	776,802	689,157
Total financial assets at amortised cost	35,569,820	32,308,442
Total financial assets	35,569,820	32,308,442
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Suppliers and other payables	-	-
Projects	3,096,567	2,795,559
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	3,096,567	2,795,559
Total financial liabilities	3,096,567	2,795,559

Accounting policy

Financial assets

As per AASB 9 Financial Instruments , the FRDC classifies its financial assets in the following category:

The classification depends on both the FRDC's business model for managing the financial assets and contractual cash flow characteristics at the time of initial recognition. Financial assets are recognised when the FRDC becomes a party to the contract and, as a consequence, has a legal right to receive or a legal obligation to pay cash and derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are transferred upon trade date.

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets included in this category need to meet two criteria:

- 1. the financial asset is held in order to collect the contractual cash flows; and
- 2. the cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal outstanding amount.

Amortised cost is determined using the effective interest method.

Effective interest method

Income is recognised on an effective interest rate basis for financial assets that are recognised at amortised cost.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period based on expected credit losses, using the general approach which measures the loss allowance based on an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses where risk has significantly increased, or an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses if risk has not increased.

The simplified approach for trade, contract and lease receivables is used. This approach always measures the loss allowance as the amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

A write-off constitutes a derecognition event where the write-off directly reduces the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit or loss' or other financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities are recognised and derecognised upon 'trade date'.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. These liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective interest basis.

Supplier and other payables are recognised at amortised cost. Liabilities are recognised to the extent that the goods or services have been received (and irrespective of having been invoiced).

	2022-23	2021-22
Note 4.1B: Net gains or losses on financial assets	<u></u>	\$
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Interest revenue	449,489	19,958
Net gains on financial assets at amortised cost	449,489	19,958
There are no gains or losses on financial liabilities.		

⁻ financial assets measured at amortised cost.

Note 4.2: Fair value measurement

Accounting policy

FRDC engaged Jones Lang LaSalle Public Sector Valuations (JLL) to conduct an asset revaluation of all plant and equipment assets as at 30 June 2022. An annual assessment is undertaken to determine whether the carrying amount of the assets is materially different from the fair value. Comprehensive valuations are carried out at least once every three years. JLL has provided written assurance to the FRDC that the models developed are in compliance with AASB 13.

The methods utilised to determine and substantiate the unobservable inputs are derived and evaluated as follows.

Physical depreciation and obsolescence under the depreciated replacement cost approach, the estimated cost to replace the asset is calculated and then adjusted to take into account physical depreciation and obsolescence. Physical depreciation and obsolescence has been determined based on professional judgement regarding physical, economic and external obsolescence factors relevant to the asset under consideration. For all leasehold improvement assets, the consumed economic benefit / asset obsolescence deduction is determined based on the term of the associated lease.

FRDC's policy is to recognise transfers into, and transfers out of, fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

Note 4.2A: Fair value measurement

		Fair value measurements at the end of the reporting period		
	2022-23	2021-22		
	\$	\$		
Non-financial assets				
Leasehold improvements	82,650	107,600		
Plant and equipment	8,050	13,600		
Total non-financial assets	90,700	121,200		
Other information				
	2022-23	2021-22		
Note 5.1: Current/non-current distinction for assets and liabilities	\$	\$		
Note 5.1A: Current/non-current distinction for assets and liabilities Assets expected to be recovered in: No more than 12 months				
Cash and cash equivalents	34,793,018	31,619,285		
Trade and other receivables	914,863	689,157		
Other non-financial assets	32,382	19,944		
Total no more than 12 months	35,740,263	32,328,386		
More than 12 months				
Buildings	603,954	764,063		
Plant and equipment	52,595	91,418		
Intangibles	271,945	442,021		
Total more than 12 months	928,494	1,297,502		
Total assets	36,668,757	33,625,888		
Liabilities expected to be settled in: No more than 12 months				
Suppliers	-	-		
Projects	3,096,567	2,795,559		
Other payables	83,834	146,144		
Leases	167,654	132,166		
Employee provisions	415,611	733,997		
Total no more than 12 months	3,763,666	3,807,866		
More than 12 months	_			
Leases	469,255	671,557		
Employee provisions	850,834	121,141		
Total more than 12 months	1,320,089	792,698		
Total liabilities	5,083,755	4,600,564		

2022-12-31 Financial Statements

Final Audit Report 2023-01-18

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