

Financial statements for the period ended 31 October 2023

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FISHERIES RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (FRDC)

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGING DIRECTOR AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

In our opinion, the attached financial statements for the period ended 31 October 2023 comply with subsection 42(2) of the Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013 (PGPA Act), and are based on properly maintained financial records as per subsection 41(2) of the PGPA Act.

In our opinion, at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the FRDC will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

Signed.....

Dec 8, 2023

Date

Dr Patrick Hone Managing Director

Dec 8, 2023

Ms Cheryl Cole Date

Chief Financial Officer

Signed...

Notes S S S S S S S S S			2023-24	2022-23	Original PBS budget
Expenses Employee benefits 1.1A 1,400,877 1,360,194 4,529,000 Suppliers 1.1B 421,907 463,858 1,199,000 Research and development 1.1C 8,856,909 6,383,906 43,729,000 Depreciation and amortisation 2.2A 109,616 120,478 375,000 Finance costs 1.1D 8,854 2,658 10,000 Total expenses 1.2D 8,331,094 49,842,000 Own-source income Own-source revenue Revenue from contracts with customers 1.2A 100,000 - - - Interest 1.2B 502,764 262,014 300,000 - - - Contributions 1.2C 610,304 960,498 11,034,000 -		Notes			٠.
Employee benefits 1.1A 1,400,877 1,360,194 4,529,000 Suppliers 1.1B 421,907 463,858 1,199,000 Research and development 1.1C 8,856,909 6,383,906 43,729,000 Depreciation and amortisation 2.2A 109,616 120,478 375,000 Finance costs 1.1D 8,854 2,658 10,000 Finance costs 1.1D 8,854 2,658 10,000 Coverse revenue Revenue from contracts with customers 1.2A 100,000 - - Interest 1.2B 502,764 262,014 300,000 Contributions 1.2C 610,304 960,498 11,034,000 Other revenue 1.2D 122,062 2,238 5,750,000 Total own-source revenue 1,335,130 1,224,750 17,084,000 Total own-source income 1,335,130 1,224,750 17,084,000 Net (cost of) services (9,463,033) (7,106,344) (32,758,000) <td>NET COST OF SERVICES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	NET COST OF SERVICES				
Suppliers 1.1B 421,907 463,858 1,199,000 Research and development 1.1C 8,856,909 6,383,906 43,729,000 Depreciation and amortisation 2.2A 109,616 120,478 375,000 Finance costs 1.1D 8,854 2,658 10,000 Total expenses 10,798,163 8,331,094 49,842,000 Own-source income Own-source revenue Revenue from contracts with customers 1.2A 100,000 - - - Interest 1.2B 502,764 262,014 30,000 - - Contributions 1.2C 610,304 960,498 11,034,000 -	Expenses				
Research and development 1.1C 8,856,909 6,383,906 43,729,000 Depreciation and amortisation 2.2A 109,616 120,478 375,000 Finance costs 1.1D 8,854 2,658 10,000 Total expenses 10,798,163 8,331,094 49,842,000 Own-source income Own-source revenue Revenue from contracts with customers 1.2A 100,000 -	Employee benefits	1.1A	1,400,877	1,360,194	4,529,000
Depreciation and amortisation 2.2A 109,616 120,478 375,000	Suppliers	1.1B	421,907	463,858	1,199,000
Finance costs 1.1D 8,854 2,658 10,000 Total expenses 10,798,163 8,331,094 49,842,000	Research and development	1.1C	8,856,909	6,383,906	43,729,000
Total expenses 10,798,163 8,331,094 49,842,000 Own-source income Own-source revenue Revenue from contracts with customers 1.2A 100,000 -	Depreciation and amortisation	2.2A	109,616	120,478	375,000
Own-source income Own-source revenue Revenue from contracts with customers 1.2A 100,000 - - Interest 1.2B 502,764 262,014 300,000 Contributions 1.2C 610,304 960,498 11,034,000 Other revenue 1.2D 122,062 2,238 5,750,000 Total own-source revenue 1,335,130 1,224,750 17,084,000 Net (cost of) services (9,463,033) (7,106,344) (32,758,000) Revenue from the Australian Government 1.2E 14,925,854 14,548,293 27,404,000 (Deficit)/surplus 5,462,821 7,441,949 (5,354,000) OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net cost of services Changes in asset revaluation reserve 2.2A	Finance costs	1.1D	8,854	2,658	10,000
Own-source revenue Revenue from contracts with customers 1.2A 100,000 -	Total expenses		10,798,163	8,331,094	49,842,000
Revenue from contracts with customers 1.2A 100,000 - - -	Own-source income				
Interest	Own-source revenue				
Contributions 1.2C 610,304 960,498 11,034,000 Other revenue 1.2D 122,062 2,238 5,750,000 Total own-source revenue 1,335,130 1,224,750 17,084,000 Net (cost of) services (9,463,033) (7,106,344) (32,758,000) Revenue from the Australian Government (Deficit)/surplus 1.2E 14,925,854 14,548,293 27,404,000 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net cost of services Changes in asset revaluation reserve 2.2A - - - - - -	Revenue from contracts with customers	1.2A	100,000	-	-
Other revenue 1.2D 122,062 2,238 5,750,000 Total own-source revenue 1,335,130 1,224,750 17,084,000 Total own-source income 1,335,130 1,224,750 17,084,000 Net (cost of) services (9,463,033) (7,106,344) (32,758,000) Revenue from the Australian Government (Deficit)/surplus 1.2E 14,925,854 14,548,293 27,404,000 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net cost of services Changes in asset revaluation reserve 2.2A - - - - - - -	Interest	1.2B	502,764	262,014	300,000
Total own-source revenue 1,335,130 1,224,750 17,084,000 Total own-source income 1,335,130 1,224,750 17,084,000 Net (cost of) services (9,463,033) (7,106,344) (32,758,000) Revenue from the Australian Government (Deficit)/surplus 1.2E 14,925,854 14,548,293 27,404,000 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net cost of services Changes in asset revaluation reserve 2.2A - - - -	Contributions	1.2C	610,304	960,498	11,034,000
Total own-source income 1,335,130 1,224,750 17,084,000 Net (cost of) services (9,463,033) (7,106,344) (32,758,000) Revenue from the Australian Government (Deficit)/surplus 1.2E 14,925,854 14,548,293 27,404,000 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net cost of services Changes in asset revaluation reserve 2.2A - - - -	Other revenue	1.2D	122,062	2,238	5,750,000
Net (cost of) services (9,463,033) (7,106,344) (32,758,000) Revenue from the Australian Government 1.2E 14,925,854 14,548,293 27,404,000 (Deficit)/surplus 5,462,821 7,441,949 (5,354,000) OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net cost of services Changes in asset revaluation reserve 2.2A	Total own-source revenue		1,335,130	1,224,750	17,084,000
Revenue from the Australian Government 1.2E 14,925,854 14,548,293 27,404,000 (Deficit)/surplus OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net cost of services Changes in asset revaluation reserve 2.2A	Total own-source income		1,335,130	1,224,750	17,084,000
(Deficit)/surplus 5,462,821 7,441,949 (5,354,000) OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net cost of services Changes in asset revaluation reserve 2.2A	Net (cost of) services		(9,463,033)	(7,106,344)	(32,758,000)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net cost of services Changes in asset revaluation reserve 2.2A	Revenue from the Australian Government	1.2E	14,925,854	14,548,293	27,404,000
Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net cost of services Changes in asset revaluation reserve 2.2A	(Deficit)/surplus		5,462,821	7,441,949	(5,354,000)
Changes in asset revaluation reserve 2.2A	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
	Items not subject to subsequent reclassification to net	t cost of services			
Total comprehensive (loss)/income 5,462,821 7,441,949 (5,354,000)	Changes in asset revaluation reserve	2.2A		<u>-</u>	
	Total comprehensive (loss)/income		5,462,821	7,441,949	(5,354,000)

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

	Notes	2023-24 \$	2022-23 \$	Original PBS budget \$
ASSETS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*	<u> </u>
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	2.1A	38,434,333	35,143,846	18,566,000
Trade and other receivables	2.1B	723,534	3,662,689	3,054,000
Total financial assets		39,157,867	38,806,535	21,620,000
Non-financial assets ¹				
Buildings	2.2A	851,849	632,046	351,000
Plant and equipment	2.2A	176,625	61,443	106,000
Intangibles	2.2A	193,231	288,981	244,000
Other non-financial assets	2.2B	62,600	44,959	-
Total non-financial assets		1,284,305	1,027,429	701,000
Total assets		40,442,172	39,833,964	22,321,000
LIABILITIES				
Payables	2.24			200.000
Suppliers	2.3A	- 7,280,773	2 100 424	200,000
Projects Other payables	2.3B 2.3C	7,280,773 98,842	3,106,434 83,898	2,504,000
Other payables	2.30	7,379,615	3,190,332	2,704,000
Total payables		7,373,013	3,190,332	2,704,000
Interest bearing liabilities				
Leases	2.4A	904,912	664,507	396,000
Total interest bearing liabilities		904,912	664,507	396,000
Provisions				
Employee provisions	3.1A	1,414,456	1,222,071	1,200,000
Total provisions		1,414,456	1,222,071	1,200,000
Total liabilities		9,698,983	5,076,910	4,300,000
Net assets		30,743,189	34,757,054	18,021,000
EQUITY				
Asset revaluation reserve		778,225	590,343	650,000
Retained earnings		29,964,964	34,166,711	17,371,000
Total equity		30,743,189	34,757,054	18,021,000

¹ Right-of-use assets are included in the following line item - Buildings.

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

			Ovicinal DDC
	2023-24	2022-23	Original PBS budget
	2023-24 \$	2022-23 \$	buuget \$
RETAINED EARNINGS			
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	24,502,143	26,724,762	22,725,000
Opening balance	24,502,143	26,724,762	22,725,000
Comprehensive income			
Surplus/(deficit) for the period	5,462,821	7,441,949	(5,354,000)
Closing balance as at 31 October 2023	29,964,964	34,166,711	17,371,000
ASSET REVALUATION RESERVE			
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	778,225	590,343	620,000
Opening balance	778,225	590,343	620,000
Community to community to community			
Comprehensive income			30,000
Other comprehensive income	770 225		<u> </u>
Closing balance as at 31 October 2023	778,225	590,343	650,000
TOTAL EQUITY			
Opening balance			
Balance carried forward from previous period	25,280,368	27,315,105	23,345,000
Adjusted opening balance	25,280,368	27,315,105	23,345,000
Comprehensive income			
(Deficit)/surplus for the period	5,462,821	7,441,949	(5,354,000)
Other comprehensive income	-		30,000
Total comprehensive income	5,462,821	7,441,949	(5,324,000)
Closing balance as at 31 October 2023	30,743,189	34,757,054	18,021,000
Closing valuation as at 31 October 2023	30,7-3,103	3-1,7-37,00-	10,021,000

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes. $\label{eq:conjunction}$

				Original PBS
		2023-24	2022-23	budget
No.	otes	\$	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received				
Receipts from the Australian Government		19,684,692	12,489,680	28,993,000
Contributions		3,015,186	2,153,732	14,973,000
Interest		317,308	79,253	300,000
Net GST received		1,354,219	966,664	1,998,000
Other		134,268	2,462	-
Total cash received		24,505,673	15,691,791	46,264,000
Cash used				
Employees		(1,520,579)	(1,312,711)	(4,543,000)
Suppliers		(595,422)	(654,553)	(1,200,000)
Research and development		(10,095,698)	(7,527,731)	(42,702,000)
Interest payments on lease liabilities		(8,854)	(2,658)	(10,000)
Other			<u> </u>	(2,028,000)
Total cash used		(12,220,553)	(9,497,653)	(50,483,000)
Net cash (used by)/from operating activities		12,285,120	6,194,138	(4,219,000)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Cash used				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-	-	(60,000)
Purchase of intangibles		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(100,000)
Total cash used		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(160,000)
Net cash (used by) investing activities			<u> </u>	(160,000)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash used				
Principal payments of lease liabilities		(39,263)	(55,277)	(170,000)
Total cash used		(39,263)	(55,277)	(170,000)
Net cash (used by) financing activities		(39,263)	(55,277)	(170,000)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash held		12,245,857	6,138,861	(4,549,000)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		26,188,476	29,004,985	23,115,000
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	2.1A	38,434,333	35,143,846	18,566,000

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Overview of the FRDC

The FRDC is an Australian Government controlled entity. It is a not-for-profit entity established as a statutory corporation on 2 July 1991 under the provisions of the *Primary Industries Research and Development Act 1989* (PIRD Act). The FRDC's principal place of business is 25 Geils Court Deakin, ACT 2600.

The FRDC's mission is to act as a national thought leader, facilitating knowledge creation, collaboration and innovation to shape the future of fishing and aquaculture in Australia for the benefit of the Australian people. To achieve this, the FRDC plans, invests in and manages research and development (R&D) for fishing and aquaculture, and the wider community, and ensures that the resulting knowledge and innovation is adopted for impact. The FRDC also undertakes monitoring of key indicators of change across fishing and aquaculture. This helps in the evaluation of impact that results from the FRDC's investments. Information collected is also of use to decision makers, to understand and respond to emerging issues.

The FRDC's strong relationships with sectors, managers and researchers are fundamental to enable the needs of key stakeholders to be identified and addressed.

The FRDC is structured to meet the following outcome:

Increased economic, social and environmental benefits for Australian fishing and aquaculture, and the wider community, by investing in knowledge, innovation and marketing.

The continued existence of the FRDC in its present form and with its present programs is dependent on Australian Government policy, and on continuing funding from the Australian Government for the FRDC's administration and programs.

The basis of preparation

The financial statements are required by:

a) Section 42 of the Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- a) Public Governance, Performance and Accountability (Financial Reporting) Rule 2015 (FRR); and
- b) Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations including simplified disclosures for Tier 2 Entities under AASB 1060 issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis, and in accordance with the historical cost convention, except for certain assets and liabilities at fair value. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

New accounting standards

Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standard Requirements Two amending standards (AASB 2021-2 and AASB 2021-6) were adopted earlier than the application date as stated in the standard. This amending standards have been adopted for the 2023-24 reporting period.

The new standards, revised standards, interpretations and amending standards that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to the current reporting period, did not have a material effect on the FRDC's financial statements.

Standard/ Interpretation	Nature of change in accounting policy, transitional provisions, and adjustment to financial statements
AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of Accounting Policies and Definition of Accounting Estimates (AASB 2021-2) and	AASB 2021-2 amends AASB 7, AASB 101, AASB 108, AASB 134 and AASB Practice Statement 2. The amending standard requires the disclosure of material, rather than significant, accounting policies, and clarifies what is considered a change in accounting policy compared to a change in accounting estimate.
AASB 2021-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure of	AASB 2021-6 amends the Tier 2 reporting requirements set out in AASB 1049, AASB 1054 and AASB 1060 to reflect the changes made by AASB 2021-2.
Accounting Policies: Tier 2 and Other Australian Accounting Standards (AASB 2021-6)	The details of the changes in accounting policies and adjustments are disclosed below and in the relevant notes to the financial statements. This amending standard is not expected to have a material impact on the FRDC's financial statements for the current reporting period or future reporting periods.

Taxation

The FRDC is exempt from all forms of taxation except Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Events after the reporting period

No reportable events have occurred after the Statement of Financial Position date.

1. Financial performance

	2023-24	2022-23
Note 1.1: Expenses	\$	
Note 1.1A: Employee benefits		
Wages and salaries	1,300,836	1,111,24
Superannuation		
Defined contribution plans	100,382	90,22
Defined benefit plans	119,361	111,24
Leave and other entitlements	(119,702)	47,48
Total employee benefits	1,400,877	1,360,19
Note 1.1B: Suppliers		
Goods and services supplied or rendered		
Asset purchases less than \$5,000	1,132	30,830
Audit fees (paid)	(15,000)	
External service providers	79,665	63,88
Insurance	14,151	11,21
Information technology	93,558	124,49
Legal	25,908	2,58
Office supplies	3,074	2.40
Postage and couriers	208	2,40
	208	2,40 36

Total suppliers
¹ The FRDC has no short-term lease commitments as at 31 October 2023.

The above lease disclosures should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes 2.2A and 2.4A.

Accounting policy

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

Recruitment/director selection costs

Workers compensation expenses

Total goods and services supplied or rendered

Telecommunications

Training

Travel

Other

Other suppliers

Short-term leases ¹

Total other suppliers

The FRDC has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets (less than \$10,000 per asset). The entity recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

5,594

9,712

175,643

415,731

4,676

1,500

6,176

421,907

618 13,131 8,767 16,275

19,050

173,817

461,894

1,964

1,964

463,858

	2023-24	2022-23
Note 1.1: Expenses continued	\$	\$
Note 1.1C: Research and development		
Projects		
Australian Government entities (related parties)	782,490	499,576
State and territory governments	1,841,928	1,466,486
Universities and educational bodies	1,662,665	1,610,646
Cooperative research centres	42,062	202,062
Research and development corporations	10,000	79,800
Industry (commercial, recreational and Indigenous)	2,969,973	1,587,000
Overseas research entities	-	-
Private providers	1,226,957	636,038
Stakeholder engagement and R&D activities ¹	320,834	302,297
Total research and development	8,856,909	6,383,906

¹ Stakeholder engagement and R&D activities include the dissemination of research outputs, extension activities, development and R&D support.

The FRDC recognises project liabilities through project agreements that require research partners to perform services or provide facilities, or to meet eligibility criteria. In these cases, liabilities are recognised only to the extent that the services required have been performed to the FRDC's satisfaction, an invoice issued consistent with the contractual requirements and the invoice approved by the FRDC delegate.

Project commitments

Project commitments comprise the future funding of approved projects that are contingent on the achievement of agreed deliverables over the life of those projects (project agreements are exchanged prior to release of the first payment on a project). Projects, where amounts were payable but were unpaid at the end of the period, have been brought to account as project payables. The FRDC contracts to fund projects in future years in advance of receipt of the income needed to fund them. FRDC manages this risk by having the project agreement allow for termination at its sole discretion for any reason. If the FRDC were to terminate a project agreement, it would only be liable to compensate the research partner for any reasonable costs in respect of unavoidable loss incurred by the research provider and directly attributable to the termination of the agreement, provided that the costs are fully substantiated to the FRDC.

Project commitments are payable as follows:		
Within 1 year	46,872,596	35,247,127
More than 1 year	41,227,150	32,224,107
More than 5 years	473,000	275,000
Total project commitments	88,572,746	67,746,235
Note: Project commitments are GST inclusive.		
Note 1.1D: Finance costs	0.054	2.650
Finance leases	8,854	2,658
Total finance costs	8,854	2,658
The above lease disclosures should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes 2.2A and 2.4A.		
Note 1.1E: Write down and impairment of assets Write down of intangible assets	-	-
Total write down and impairment of assets		

Note 1.2: Own-source income and revenue from the Australian Government	2023-24 \$	2022-23 \$
Own-source revenue		
Note 1.2A: Revenue from contracts with customers		
Australian Government entities (related parties)	100,000	-
Total revenue from contracts with customers	100,000	-

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control has been transferred to the buyer. The FRDC determines a contract is in scope of AASB 15 when the performance obligations are required by an enforceable contract and the performance obligations within the enforceable contract are sufficiently specific to enable the FRDC to determine when they have been satisfied. The FRDC determines there to be an enforceable contract when the agreement creates enforceable rights and obligations. Performance obligations are sufficiently specific where the promises within the contract are specific to the nature, type, value and quantity of the services to be provided and the period over which the services must be transferred.

The FRDC receives revenue from the Australian Government under which it manages a suite of research activities. These activities are listed at Note 2.3B. FRDC has specific funding agreements with the Australian Government that include enforceable rights and performance obligations. The FRDC initially recognises the funding received as a liability to recognise the contract liability. Once the performance obligations have been satisfied as per the funding agreement deliverables over time, it is then recognised as revenue.

The transaction price is the total amount of consideration to which the FRDC expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer. The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed amounts, variable amounts, or both. All consideration promised in contracts with customers is included in the transaction price.

Receivables for services, which have 30 day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any impairment allowance account. Collectability of debts is reviewed at the end of the reporting period. Allowances are made when collectability of the debt is no longer probable.

Note 1.2B: Interest		
Deposits	502,764	262,014
Total interest	502,764	262,014
Note 1.2C: Contributions		
Australian Prawn Farmers Association	190,304	183,429
Australian Fisheries Management Authority	-	-
Australian Capital Territory	-	-
New South Wales	-	15,450
Northern Territory	10,000	-
Queensland	-	412,667
South Australia	-	2,667
Tasmania	170,000	60,000
Victoria	-	-
Western Australia	240,000	286,285
Total contributions	610,304	960,498

Accounting policy

Contributions are recognised as income when the FRDC recognises an asset in relation to a contribution or a right to receive a contribution, after recognising any other related amounts.

Note 1.2D: Other revenue		
Project funds received	-	-
Project refunds of prior years expenditure	122,062	143
Other	-	2,095
Total other revenue	122,062	2,238

Note 1.2: Own-source income and revenue from the Australian Government continued	2023-24 \$	2022-23 \$
Note 1.2E: Revenue from the Australian Government		
Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry		
Corporate Commonwealth entity payment item of 0.50% of AGVP ¹	14,921,924	14,548,293
Matching of industry contributions ²	3,930	-
Total revenue from the Australian Government	14,925,854	14,548,293

¹ AGVP is the average gross value of fisheries production for the current year and the two preceding financial years. The Australian Government's contribution of 0.50% of AGVP is made on the grounds that the FRDC exercises a stewardship role in relation to fisheries resources and aquaculture on behalf of the Australian community.

Revenue from the Australian Government

Revenues from the Australian Government are recognised when they are entitled to be received by the FRDC.

Funding received or receivable from non-corporate Commonwealth entities (appropriated to the non-corporate Commonwealth entity as a corporate Commonwealth entity payment item for payment to FRDC) is recognised as revenue from Government by the corporate Commonwealth entity unless the funding is in the nature of an equity injection or a loan.

2. Financial position

Note 2.1: Financial assets	2023-24 \$	2022-23 \$
Note 2.1A: Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand or on deposit	38,434,333	35,143,846
Total cash and cash equivalents	38,434,333	35,143,846

Accounting policy

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes:

- a) cash on hand; and
- b) demand deposits in bank accounts with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

Note 2.1B: Trade and other receivables

Goods and services receivables		
Goods and services ¹	413,785	41,745
Total goods and services receivables	413,785	41,745
Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry		
Receivables	-	3,232,954
Total receivables from the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry		3,232,954
Other receivables		
GST receivable from the Australian Taxation Office	124,293	205,229
Interest from the Commonwealth Bank	185,456	182,761
Total other receivables	309,749	387,990
Total trade and other receivables	723,534	3,662,689
Trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered		
No more than 12 months	723,534	3,662,689
Total trade and other receivables	723,534	3,662,689

¹ Credit terms for goods and services are within 30 days (2022-23: 30 days).

Accounting policy

Financial assets

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that are held for the purpose of collecting the contractual cash flows where the cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, that are not provided at below-market interest rates, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method adjusted for any loss allowance.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Matching of industry contributions (up to 0.25% of AGVP) by the Australian Government.

Note 2.2: Non-financial assets

Note 2.2A: Reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of property, plant and equipment and intangibles

		Plant and		
	Buildings	equipment	Intangibles	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
As at 1 July 2023				
Gross book value	1,580,550	198,750	1,036,330	2,815,630
Accumulated depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(673,011)	-	(811,298)	(1,484,309)
Total as at 1 July 2023	907,539	198,750	225,032	1,331,321
Additions				
Purchase or Internally developed	-	-	-	-
Right-of-use assets	-	-	-	-
Revaluations recognised in other comprehensive income ¹	-	-	-	-
Impairments recognised in net cost of services	-	-	-	-
Depreciation and amortisation	-	(22,125)	(31,801)	(53,926)
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	(55,690)	-	-	(55,690)
Remeasurement of right-of-use assets	=	-	-	-
Total as at 31 October 2023	851,849	176,625	193,231	1,221,705
Total as at 31 October 2023 represented by				
Gross book value	1,580,550	198,750	1,036,330	2,815,630
Accumulated depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(728,701)	(22,125)	(843,099)	(1,593,925)
Total as at 31 October 2023	851,849	176,625	193,231	1,221,705
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets	851,849	-	-	851,849

Assets are recorded at cost on acquisition except as stated below. The cost of acquisition includes the fair value of assets transferred in exchange and liabilities undertaken. Financial assets are initially measured at their fair value plus transaction costs where appropriate.

Assets acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, are initially recognised as assets and income at their fair value at the date of acquisition, unless acquired as a consequence of restructuring of administrative arrangements. In the latter case, assets are initially recognised as contributions by owners at the amounts at which they were recognised in the transferor's accounts immediately prior to the restructuring.

Asset recognition threshold

Purchases of property, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position, except for purchases costing less than \$5,000 that are expensed in the year of acquisition (other than where they form part of a group of similar items where the value is greater than \$5,000).

Lease right-of-use (ROU) assets

Lease ROU assets are capitalised at the commencement date of the lease and comprise of the initial lease liability amount, initial direct costs incurred when entering into the lease less any lease incentives received. These assets are accounted for by Commonwealth lessees as separate asset classes to corresponding assets owned outright, but included in the same column as where the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

Following initial application, an impairment review is undertaken for any ROU lease asset that shows indicators of impairment and an impairment loss is recognised against any ROU lease asset that is impaired. Lease ROU assets continue to be measured at cost after initial recognition in Commonwealth agency, general government sector (GGS) and whole of government financial statements.

Revaluations

Following initial recognition at cost, property, plant and equipment (excluding ROU assets) are carried at fair value less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Valuations are conducted with sufficient frequency to ensure that the carrying amounts of assets do not differ materially from the assets' fair values as at the reporting date. The regularity of independent valuations depend on the volatility of movements in market values for the relevant assets.

Revaluation adjustments are made on a class basis. Any revaluation increment is credited to equity under the heading of asset revaluation reserve except to the extent that it reverses a previous revaluation decrement of the same asset class that was previously recognised in the surplus/deficit. Revaluation decrements for a class of assets are recognised directly in the surplus/deficit except to the extent that they reversed a previous revaluation increment for that class.

Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the asset restated to the revalued amount.

Depreciation

Depreciable property, plant and equipment assets are written off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives to the FRDC using, in all cases, the straight-line method of depreciation.

Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

	2023-24	2022-23
Buildings (including ROU assets)	Lease term	Lease term
Leasehold improvements	Lease term	Lease term
Plant and equipment	up to 5 years	up to 5 years

<u>Impairment</u>

All assets were assessed for impairment at 31 October 2023. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the FRDC were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal, or when no further future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

Intangibles

The FRDC's intangibles comprise internally developed software and purchased software for internal use. These assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Software is amortised on a straight-line basis over its anticipated useful life. The useful lives of the FRDC's software is 10 years (2022-23: 10 years). All software assets were assessed for indications of impairment as at 31 October 2023.

	2023-24	2022-23
Note 2.2B: Other non-financial assets	\$	\$
Prepayments	62,600	44,959
Total other non-financial assets	62,600	44,959

	2023-24	2022-23
Note 2.3: Payables	\$	\$
Note 2.3A: Suppliers		
Trade creditors and accruals	-	-
Total suppliers		-
Settlement is usually made within 30 days.		
Note 2.3B: Projects		
Projects		
Australian Government entities	-	-
State and territory governments	-	-
Universities and educational bodies	-	-
Cooperative research centres	-	-
Industry (commercial, recreational and Indigenous)	-	-
Overseas research entities	-	-
Contract liability ¹	7,277,822	3,094,782
Other	2,951	11,652
Total projects	7,280,773	3,106,434

¹ The contract liabilities from contracts with customers are associated with funding provided for research and development activities under Funding Agreements with the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry, NSW Department of Primary Industries, Australian Maritime Safety Authority, Department of Agriculture and Fisheries QLD and Department Primary Industries SA as detailed below.

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry

- Developing Australia's Seaweed Farming Refer to DAFF RCTI HAP026788
- Assist with data generation to support Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) application
- Development of on-farm biosecurity plan implementation support programs for the aquaculture industry
- Aquatic Animal Health Training Scheme 2019 2022
- Indigenous Engagement Strategy
- Marine and freshwater finfish / Bacteria / Trimetsulpha 4-IIGB21V and parasites / Chloramine-T 4-IIBJFYC
- Peracetic Ag Vet 6 4-G1AHKTN
- Tuna Champions Phase 2
- Finfish Parasites Toltrazuril 4-GWT37U6

The FRDC recognised a contract liability in 2023-24 totalling: \$3,085,738

NSW Department of Primary Industries

- NSW seafood product development program
- Research project to investigate and develop a framework to establish Aboriginal commercial fishing, aquaculture
- Research and development for Harvest Strategies in NSW
- Climate Change Vulnerability, Adaptation and Mitigation

The FRDC recognised a contract liability in 2023-24 totalling: \$1,807,404

Australian Maritime Safety Authority

• Seafood Industry Safety Initiative (SISI) funding support

The FRDC recognised a contract liability in 2023-24 totalling: \$490,000

Department of Agriculture and Fisheries QLD

• Queensland aquaculture and Climate Change Vulnerability, Adaptation and Mitigation

The FRDC recognised a contract liability in 2023-24 totalling: \$704,300

Department of Primary Industries SA

• Science Support Initiatives and Snapper Science Program

The FRDC recognised a contract liability in 2023-24 totalling: \$1,190,380

Accounting policy

Project payables are recognised at their nominal amounts, being the amounts at which the liabilities will be settled. They relate to payments approved on achievement of agreed deliverables, but which were unpaid at the end of the reporting period. Settlement is usually made within 30 days

As per AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, contract liabilities are recognised at their nominal amounts, being the amounts at which the liabilities are not yet settled. They relate to payments received for funding provided for research and development activities, of which specific performance obligations were not met at the end of the reporting period.

	2023-24	2022-23
Note 2.3C: Other payables	\$	\$
FBT payable	(3,424)	(2,073)
PAYG payable	102,266	85,971
Other	=	
Total other payables	98,842	83,898

	2023-24	2022-23
Note 2.4: Interest bearing liabilities	\$	\$
Note 2.4A: Leases		
Lease liabilities ¹	904,912	664,507
Total leases	904,912	664,507

¹ Total cash outflow for leases for the period ended 31 October 2023 was \$39,263 plus finance costs of \$8,854.

The FRDC in its capacity as lessee has leased office accommodation located at:

- Fisheries Research House, 25 Geils Court, Deakin, Australian Capital Territory, was renewed on 1 September 2023 and expires on 31 August 2026, with a 3-year right of renewal to 31 August 2029. Lease payments are paid on a monthly basis and subject to a 4 per cent annual increase in accordance with the new lease agreement.
- Wine Australia, corner of Botanic and Hackney Roads, Adelaide, South Australia expires on 31 July 2026, with a right of renewal on 1 August 2026. Lease payments are paid on a monthly basis and subject to a CPI annual increase in accordance with the lease agreement.

The above lease disclosures should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Notes 1.1B and 2.4A.

Accounting policy

For all new contracts entered into, the FRDC considers whether the contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'.

Once it has been determined that a contract is, or contains a lease, the lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate is readily determinable, or the FRDC's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification to the lease. When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset or profit and loss depending on the nature of the reassessment or modification.

3. People and relationships

	2023-24	2022-23
Note 3.1: Employee provisions	\$	\$
Note 3.1A: Employee provisions		
Leave	1,414,456	1,222,071
Total employee provisions	1,414,456	1,222,071

Accounting policy

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits and termination benefits expected within 12 months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts.

Leave

The liability for employee benefits includes provision for annual leave and long service leave. The leave liabilities are calculated on the basis of employees' remuneration at the estimated salary rates that will be applied at the time the leave is taken, including the FRDC's employer superannuation contribution rates to the extent that the leave is likely to be taken during service rather than paid out on termination. The liability for long service leave has been determined by reference to the requirements of the short-hand method. The estimate of the present value of the liability takes into account attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation.

Superannuation

The FRDC's staff are members of the Public Sector Superannuation Scheme (PSS), or the PSS accumulation plan (PSSap), or other superannuation funds held outside the Australian Government.

The PSS is a defined benefit scheme for the Australian Government. The PSSap and any other superannuation funds are defined contribution schemes.

The liability for defined benefits is recognised in the financial statements of the Australian Government and is settled by the Australian Government in due course. This liability is reported in the Department of Finance's administered schedules and notes.

The FRDC makes employer contributions to the employee's defined benefit superannuation scheme at rates determined by an actuary to be sufficient to meet the current cost to the Australian Government. The FRDC accounts for the contributions as if they were contributions to defined contribution plans.

Note 3.2: Key management personnel remuneration

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the FRDC, directly or indirectly, including any director of the Board (whether executive or otherwise) of the FRDC. The FRDC has determined the key management personnel to be the non-executive directors, the Managing Director and senior general managers. Key management personnel remuneration is reported in the table below:

	2023-24 \$	2022-23 \$
Short-term employee benefits	598,806	519,153
Post-employment benefits	87,873	84,220
Other long-term employee benefits	57,878	54,352
Total key management personnel remuneration expenses ¹	744,557	657,725

¹ The total number of key management personnel that are included in the above table is 14 (2022-23: 14). They are made up of:

- one non-executive director (Chair)
- seven non-executive directors
- one Managing Director
- five senior general managers

ote 3.3: Annual total remuneration ranges (including superannuation) paid to	2023-24 key management personnel	2022-23
Nil to \$220,000	11	12
\$220,001 to \$245,000	1	1
\$245,001 to \$270,000	1	0
\$370,001 to \$395,000	0	1
\$395,001 to \$420,000	1	0
Total number of key management personnel		14

Note 3.4: Related party disclosures

Related party relationships

Mr John Williams

Dr Lyndal Thorburn

The FRDC is an Australian Government controlled entity. Related parties to this entity are non-executive directors, the Managing Director, senior general managers and other Australian Government entities.

> Director (Appointed 1 September 2021) (Member People and Culture Committee)

The non-executive directors and the Managing Director of the FRDC during the year were: Chair

(Chair People and Culture Committee) Director (Appointed 1 September 2021) **Dr Christopher Calogeras** (Deputy Chair) Professor Colin D. Buxton Director (Re-appointed 1 September 2021) Dr Saranne Cooke Director (Re-appointed 1 September 2021) (Chair Finance and Audit Committee) Dr Patrick Hone Managing Director Mrs Suzanne Hullick Director (Appointed 1 September 2021) (Member People and Culture Committee) Director (Appointed 1 September 2021) Mr Boris Musa (Member Finance and Audit Committee) Mr Alex Ogg Director (Appointed 1 September 2021) (Member Finance and Audit Committee)

Note 3.4A: Transactions with director-related entities

The FRDC's practice is to disclose all transactions with an entity with whom a director or senior general managers has an association. This means that where directors or senior general managers have disclosed a material personal interest, all the transactions with that entity will be disclosed. Typically, the FRDC will not transact with all the entities for which a director has made such a declaration. The transactions that are not with related parties as defined by AASB 124 *Related Party Disclosures*, are identified below with an asterisk (*).

The FRDC's 'Board governance policy' provides guidance to directors on how the FRDC deals with material personal interests. Where a director has an association with an entity where a conflict has the potential to arise, in addition to the duty to disclose that association, the director absents him/herself from both the discussion and the decision-making process.

Given the breadth of Australian Government activities, related parties may transact with the government sector in the same capacity as ordinary citizens. These transactions have not been separately disclosed in this note.

The directors disclosed material personal interests during the directors' related period.

Director	Organisation and position held	Nature of interest
Professor C. D. Buxton	Institute for Marine and Antarctic Studies University of Tasmania * Adjunct Professor 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
Dr C. Calogeras	C-AID Consultants Director 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
	Atlantis Fisheries Consulting Group Associate Northern Fisheries and Lead Indigenous Services Division 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
	Seafood Industry Australia Member (non-voting) 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
Dr S. Cooke	Charles Sturt University Deputy Chancellor 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
Or P. Hone	CEO's Committee for the Council of Rural Research and Development Corporations Member 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
	National Marine Science Committee Chair 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
	Women In Seafood Australasia Ltd Member 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
Mrs S. Hullick	Women In Seafood Australasia Ltd Turning the Tide Steering Committee Member 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
Mr B. Musa	Australian Barramundi Farmers Association (ABFA) Non-executive Director and Treasurer FRDC Project Number 2020-127 "ABFA IPA: RD&E project investment and management via ABFA strategic plan 2021- 2025" 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
Mr A. Ogg	Seafood Industry Australia Member 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
	Australian Ocean Energy Group Member 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation

The directors disclosed material personal interests during the directors' related period continued.

Director	Organisation and position held	Nature of interest
Mr J. Williams	Chair's Committee for the Council of Rural Research and	Research projects or work
	Development Corporations	undertaken by the organisation
	Member	
	1 July 2023 to current	

The senior general managers disclosed material personal interests during the senior general managers related period.

Senior General Managers	Organisation and position held	Nature of interest
Ms C. Cole	Women In Seafood Australasia Ltd Member 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation
Ms K. Dunstan	Women In Seafood Australasia Ltd Member 1 July 2023 to current	Research projects or work undertaken by the organisation

The following transactions occurred during the directors' and senior general managers related period with these entities.

Transactions with related parties	2023-24		2022-23	
	Expenditure	Income	Expenditure	Income
School of Humanities and Social Sciences, Faculty of Arts and Education - Deakin University	-	-	-	-
Southern Rock Lobster Ltd	102,838	-	84,700	-
Institute for Marine and Antarctic Studies - University of Tasmania	1,296,875	-	1,021,910	-
C-AID Consultants	-	-	6,435	-
Council of Rural Research and Development Corporations	-	-	-	-
National Marine Science Committee	-	24,771	5,000	-
Australian Barramundi Farmers Association	44,550	-	27,500	-
Seafood Industry Australia	44,200	-	546,480	-
Charles Sturt University	-	-	-	-
Atlantis Fisheries Consulting Group	-	-	-	-
Women In Seafood Australasia	19,800	-	-	-
Fishwell Consulting	91,727	-	-	-

All transactions were conducted under normal terms and conditions and include GST.

Note 3.4B: Other related party disclosures

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry

- Developing Australia's Seaweed Farming Refer to DAFF RCTI HAP026788
- Assist with data generation to support Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) application
- Development of on-farm biosecurity plan implementation support programs for the aquaculture industry
- Aquatic Animal Health Training Scheme 2019 2022
- Indigenous Engagement Strategy
- $\bullet \ \, \text{Marine and freshwater finfish / Bacteria / Trimetsulpha 4-IIGB21V and } \ \, \text{parasites / Chloramine-T 4-IIBJFYC}$
- Peracetic Ag Vet 6 4-G1AHKTN
- Tuna Champions Phase 2
- Finfish Parasites Toltrazuril 4-GWT37U6

The FRDC has received new funding from the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry in 2023-24 totalling: \$2,823,700 (2022-23: \$Nil).

4. Financial instruments and fair value measurement

Note 4.1: Financial instruments	2023-24 \$	2022-23 \$
Note 4.1A: Categories of financial instruments		<u> </u>
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	38,434,333	35,143,846
Trade and other receivables	599,241	224,506
Total financial assets at amortised cost	39,033,574	35,368,352
Total financial assets	39,033,574	35,368,352
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Suppliers and other payables	-	-
Projects	7,280,773	3,106,434
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	7,280,773	3,106,434
Total financial liabilities	7,280,773	3,106,434

Accounting policy

Financial assets

As per AASB 9 Financial Instruments, the FRDC classifies its financial assets in the following category:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on both the FRDC's business model for managing the financial assets and contractual cash flow characteristics at the time of initial recognition. Financial assets are recognised when the FRDC becomes a party to the contract and, as a consequence, has a legal right to receive or a legal obligation to pay cash and derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are transferred upon trade date.

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets included in this category need to meet two criteria:

- 1. the financial asset is held in order to collect the contractual cash flows; and
- 2. the cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal outstanding amount.

Amortised cost is determined using the effective interest method.

Effective interest method

Income is recognised on an effective interest rate basis for financial assets that are recognised at amortised cost.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period based on expected credit losses, using the general approach which measures the loss allowance based on an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses where risk has significantly increased, or an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses if risk has not increased.

The simplified approach for trade, contract and lease receivables is used. This approach always measures the loss allowance as the amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses.

A write-off constitutes a derecognition event where the write-off directly reduces the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit or loss' or other financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities are recognised and derecognised upon 'trade date'.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. These liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective interest basis.

Supplier and other payables are recognised at amortised cost. Liabilities are recognised to the extent that the goods or services have been received (and irrespective of having been invoiced).

	2023-24	2022-23
Note 4.1B: Net gains or losses on financial assets	<u> </u>	\$
Financial assets at amortised cost	·	
Interest revenue	502,764	262,014
Net gains on financial assets at amortised cost	502,764	262,014
There are no gains or losses on financial liabilities.		

Note 4.2: Fair value measurement

Accounting policy

FRDC engaged Jones Lang LaSalle Public Sector Valuations (JLL) to conduct an asset revaluation of all plant and equipment assets as at 30 June 2023. An annual assessment is undertaken to determine whether the carrying amount of the assets is materially different from the fair value. Comprehensive valuations are carried out at least once every three years. JLL has provided written assurance to the FRDC that the models developed are in compliance with AASB 13.

The methods utilised to determine and substantiate the unobservable inputs are derived and evaluated as follows.

Physical depreciation and obsolescence under the depreciated replacement cost approach, the estimated cost to replace the asset is calculated and then adjusted to take into account physical depreciation and obsolescence. Physical depreciation and obsolescence has been determined based on professional judgement regarding physical, economic and external obsolescence factors relevant to the asset under consideration. For all leasehold improvement assets, the consumed economic benefit / asset obsolescence deduction is determined based on the term of the associated lease.

FRDC's policy is to recognise transfers into, and transfers out of, fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

Note 4.2A: Fair value measurement

	Esir value meas	uromonto
	Fair value measurements at the end of the reporting period	
	2023-24	2022-23
	\$	\$
Non-financial assets		
Leasehold improvements	189,000	82,650
Plant and equipment	9,750	8,050
Total non-financial assets	198,750	90,700
5. Other information		
	2023-24	2022-23
Note 5.1: Current/non-current distinction for assets and liabilities	\$	\$
Note 5.1A: Current/non-current distinction for assets and liabilities		
Assets expected to be recovered in:		
No more than 12 months		
Cash and cash equivalents	38,434,333	35,143,846
Trade and other receivables	723,534	3,662,689
Other non-financial assets	62,600	44,959
Total no more than 12 months	39,220,467	38,851,494
More than 12 months		
Buildings	851,849	632,046
Plant and equipment	176,625	61,443
Intangibles	193,231	288,981
Total more than 12 months	1,221,705	982,470
Total assets	40,442,172	39,833,964
Liabilities expected to be settled in:		
No more than 12 months		
Suppliers		-
Projects	7,280,773	3,106,434
Other payables	98,842	83,898
Leases	164,886	167,654
Employee provisions	402,308	384,948
Total no more than 12 months	7,946,809	3,742,934
More than 12 months	740.000	406.053
Leases	740,026	496,853
Employee provisions	1,012,148	837,123
Total more than 12 months	1,752,174	1,333,976
Total liabilities	9,698,983	5,076,910

2023-10-31 Financial Statements

Final Audit Report 2023-12-08

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