



## Australian Aquatic Plant Names Standard



FRDC  
Aquatic Plant  
Names  
Standard

This Australian Standard® was prepared by the Fisheries Research and Development Corporation (FRDC) Aquatic Plant Names Committee (APNC), the standards reference body (SRB) responsible for the technical content of the Australian Aquatic Plant Names Standard.

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FRDC acknowledges the participation of the expert individuals who contributed to the development of this Standard through their representation on the Aquatic Plant Names Committee.

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**Australian Standard®**

# **Australian Aquatic Plant Names Standard**

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## Preface

### Preamble to the 2025 edition

In recognition of the ongoing development and expansion of Australia's aquatic plant industry, this second edition of the Australian Aquatic Plant Names Standard builds upon the foundation of the 2020 inaugural edition.

The Standard was developed to provide a comprehensive nomenclatural framework for the naming of domestic and imported edible aquatic plants (see definition below). Since the release of the first edition, additional species have been added to the Standard (see Annex A), and the name of the Standard has been altered slightly to match the format of the name of the Australian Fish Names Standard.

This second edition of the Australian Aquatic Plant Names Standard continues to represent a collaborative effort between leading experts in aquatic botany, taxonomy, hospitality, marketing and the broader seafood sector. By adhering to a standardised naming convention, we help facilitate effective communication, data sharing and research, ultimately contributing to not only the sustainable management and production of these aquatic resources, but also the health and safety of consumers.

We extend our sincere gratitude to all those who have contributed their expertise, insights and dedication to the development of this second edition.

### Purpose and Net Benefit of the Standard

Use of standard names for aquatic plants in Australia, as defined in this Standard, achieves outcomes that are consistent with the aims of industry and governments.

#### Public health and safety

- Public health and safety are enhanced because as edible aquatic plants become more prevalent, the community need to have confidence in what they are purchasing/consuming, particularly as this is an emerging industry offering new products to many Australian consumers.
- It is possible that specific allergens and/or potential toxins may be present in some aquatic plants and correct labelling should allow affected persons to avoid products that pose a risk.

#### Social and community impact

- This is an emerging industry and there is opportunity to create an industry agreed set of standard names for aquatic plants in the embryonic stages of the industry's development.
- Producers will have confidence in the names of the species of aquatic plants that have been harvested.
- A more successful marketing strategy can be undertaken because of the industry agreed plant names.
- Stakeholders have expressed widespread support for the Standard.
- All state jurisdictions either reported growth in the sector or growing interest in macroalgae farming.

#### Environmental impact

Use of the agreed standard names for aquatic plants allows for improved management of the aquatic resource.

This Standard provides the opportunity for linkages to stock assessment data to facilitate better management of aquatic resources.

## Competition

Development of this agreed set of standard names for aquatic plants to be used in Australia will facilitate international alignment, particularly where aquatic plant products are imported. Both imported and domestic products will need to use the same name in Australia.

## Economic impact

- Consumers will know what they are getting through truth in labelling. The names that are developed will be well publicised and will become known to consumers. Not developing a standard would result in marketplace confusion.
- Producers and suppliers will have certainty in what they are producing and/or supplying and will have the ability to develop marketing strategies and business plans based on agreed and accepted standard names.

## The Aquatic Plant Names Committee

The membership and operational procedures for the Aquatic Plant Names Committee are specified in the following key FRDC policies and procedures documents:

- **FRDC Standards Development Policy**, which sets the overall policy direction for FRDC in its standards development activities;
- **FRDC Standards Development Procedure**, which provides guidance on all standards development activities and applies to all Standards Reference Bodies.

Membership of the Aquatic Plant Names Committee reflects the important role of key stakeholders in the process to develop an Australian Aquatic Plant Names Standard and ensures that the Committee collectively possesses skills and knowledge relating to:

- Producer/harvester
- Marketing and trade
- Promotion and public relations
- Consumer issues
- Taxonomy and nomenclature
- Processer/manufacturer
- Legislation and processes relevant to the import and export of aquatic plants
- Corporate governance including the operations of boards or committees
- Industry leadership
- Any additional skills identified.

## Foreword

### Need for an Australian Aquatic Plant Names Standard

Commercial trade in aquatic plants is an important and rapidly emerging industry, and the industry has proactively developed a list of standard names for all current commercial, and potentially commercial, edible aquatic plant species.

The development of this Standard will prevent a plethora of unregulated names for the same species eventuating in the marketplace.

This Standard includes names for both marine and freshwater plants but has initially focused on commercial edible marine plants. Further commercial species that fall within the Standard's definition of aquatic plants will be added in the future as necessary.

The Fisheries Research and Development Corporation was accredited as a Standards Development Organisation (SDO) in 2013 and has continued responsibility for the maintenance and ongoing development of standards relevant to its scope of accreditation.

### Description of the Standard

This Standard defines the standard names to be used in Australia for edible aquatic plants and specifies when the standard names are to be used. Annex A of this Standard lists the agreed standard names for edible aquatic plants and forms part of the Standard. Plants from saltwater and freshwater environments are included, irrespective of the country of origin.

FRDC has given autonomy to the Aquatic Plant Names Committee for the development and maintenance of the Australian Aquatic Plant Names Standard, which is underpinned by rigorous policies and procedures that have been developed by FRDC.

### Preparation of this Standard

FRDC is accredited by Standards Australia's Standards Development and Accreditation Committee (SDAC) as a Standards Development Organisation. This Standard was prepared by FRDC's Aquatic Plant Names Committee in accordance with requirements prescribed for developing Australian Standards. The Standard is the result of a consensus among a wide range of stakeholders and an extensive process of consultation with industry experts, end users, and the general public.

### Recognition of Indigenous names for aquatic plants

We acknowledge that many Australian aquatic plants have a long history of use by Australia's First Nations peoples, each with their own diverse languages and cultures. Such traditional knowledge is place-based and developed from unique and intimate relationships with land and sea. Therefore, there is not one single Indigenous word that could represent each of the species covered in this Standard, but rather a collection of words specific to each First Nations group and their Country. We respect and accurately represent the cultural significance and traditional knowledge of these plants where it is possible. We support First Nations Peoples' right to maintain and develop cultural practices to address spiritual, cultural, social and economic needs associated with aquatic resources and landscapes.



## The Fisheries Research and Development Corporation

FRDC invests in people and innovation to ensure healthy aquatic environments for thriving fishing and aquaculture.

FRDC invests in Research, Development and Extension (RD&E) that supports Indigenous, aquaculture, commercial and recreational fishers. These stakeholders operate across environments that range from the open oceans in the northern tropics through to temperate seas and icy Antarctic waters, and from freshwater lakes and rivers that flow down through the country's estuaries.

FRDC was formed on 2 July 1991, and has two pieces of governing legislation:

- *Primary Industries Research and Development Act 1989* (PIRD Act), and
- *Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013*.

FRDC is accountable to the Australian Parliament through the Minister for Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry. It is governed by a Chair and Board of Directors and led by the Managing Director supported by a number of dedicated staff. Staff members work as a team to ensure good relationships exist with all stakeholders and that the concerns and needs of the broader community are taken into consideration.

FRDC is accredited by Standards Australia as a Standards Development Organisation and undertakes internal and external audits annually with a reaccreditation audit every three years.

FRDC works to ensure that the returns from RD&E are implemented with the greatest positive impact. It continually looks to evolve the approach to investing in RD&E, enabling adaptive and creative approaches to problem solving, which in turn aids FRDC to be agile to respond to the changing environment faced by fishing and aquaculture in Australia.

## 1. Scope

This Standard defines the names for aquatic plants for use in Australia and specifies when Standard Aquatic Plant Names are to be used.

Annex A lists the approved Standard Aquatic Plant Names and forms part of this Standard.

### 1.1 Application

This Standard provides guidance on complying with requirements for the use of Standard Aquatic Plant Names in Australia and is intended for use by people and businesses involved with commercial activities and trade in aquatic plants in Australia.

## 2. Interpretative Guidelines

### 2.1 Compliance with this Standard

Requirements designated by the words 'shall' or 'shall not' are mandatory for organisations seeking to achieve compliance with this Standard.

Requirements designated by the words 'should' or 'should not' are recommended but are not mandatory to achieve compliance with this Standard.

### 2.2 Abbreviations, definitions, and terms

#### 2.2.1 Application

For the purpose of this Standard, if there is conflict between the definitions in this document and those in other relevant standards or documents, the definitions herein take precedence.

#### 2.2.2 Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Full Description
--------------	------------------

CAAB	Codes for Australian Aquatic Biota
FRDC	Fisheries Research and Development Corporation
RD&E	Research, Development and Extension
SDAC	Standards Development and Accreditation Committee
SDO	Standards Development Organisation
SRB	Standards Reference Body

#### 2.2.3 Terms and definitions/clarifications

Term	Definition/clarification
annex	An annex to this document is an integral part of the Standard.
aquatic plant	For the purpose of this Standard, aquatic plants are defined as vascular plants, aquatic protists, and photosynthetic prokaryotes that are used commercially as a source of food, therapeutics, derivatives and additives, that naturally require saltwater or freshwater habitats for growth.
attachments	An attachment to this document is for information and/or guidance only.
authority	The author associated with the scientific name. Where an authority is in brackets, it indicates that the species is no longer in the genus to which it was originally described by that author. The author listed outside the brackets placed the species in its current genus.

<b>CAAB Code</b>	Codes for Australian Aquatic Biota (CAAB) codes consist of eight digits and each species is assigned a unique CAAB Code. This number is unique to Australia.
<b>freshwater habitats</b>	Freshwater habitats are defined as temporary and permanent inland water bodies.
<b>obsolete name</b>	A name (other than the current Standard Aquatic Plant Name) that has been previously used to describe a species in a commercial or research setting.
<b>saltwater habitats</b>	Saltwater habitats are defined as marine and brackish waters up to the highest astronomical tide.
<b>scientific name</b>	Is the unique scientific name for an aquatic plant as determined by international convention and consisting of a genus name and a species name – the scientific names used in this Standard are the scientific names used in CSIRO’s CAAB Database or as otherwise advised by CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere or another competent authority.
<b>Standard Aquatic Plant Name</b>	The Standard Aquatic Plant Name for a species as recorded in this Standard. A Standard Aquatic Plant Name may cover a single species, or all or some species in a particular scientific family, genus or other systematic group.
<b>taxonomic group name</b>	A plant’s taxonomic group name as per international convention of hierarchical classification based on the International Code of Nomenclature for algae, fungi, and plants. The taxonomic group names used in this Standard are those advised by CSIRO Oceans and Atmosphere, or another competent authority.
<b>use of square brackets</b>	Information in square brackets define the plant part and do not form part of the Standard Name.

### 2.3 Footnotes

Footnotes are for information and/or guidance in interpretation.

## 3. References

### 3.1 Application and format

- If this Standard refers to another document, the other document is a referenced document.
- Where the edition (or version) of the referenced document is uniquely identified, then that edition (or version) applies.
- Where the edition (or version) of the referenced document is not uniquely identified, then the applicable edition (or version) is that which is current at the date upon which the referenced document is published.

### 3.2 Referenced documents

- FRDC Standards Development Policy**, which sets the overall policy direction for FRDC in its standards development activities;
- FRDC Standards Development Procedure**, which provides guidance on all standards development activities and applies to all Standards Reference Bodies.

## **4. Requirements for using Standard Aquatic Plant Names**

### **4.1 Use of Standard Aquatic Plant Names**

#### **4.1.1 When aquatic plant products are sold or traded to consumers**

Aquatic plant products sold to consumers (e.g., retail sales and restaurants) shall be identified at the point of sale by the Standard Aquatic Plant Name specified for that species in Annex A of this Standard and may also be identified by its scientific name.

#### **4.1.2 When aquatic plant products are sold or traded other than directly to consumers**

Aquatic plant products sold or traded commercially other than directly to consumers (e.g., wholesale, export, import) shall be identified by either the Standard Aquatic Plant Name and/or the scientific name for that species.

#### **4.1.3 Communication of Standard Aquatic Plant Names**

In publications by scientists, the commercial sector, the recreational sector, chefs, media, teachers, fisheries managers, and others, aquatic plant products shall be identified by either their Standard Aquatic Plant Name or the scientific name for that species, or both.

#### **4.1.4 Standard Aquatic Plant Names – scope and priority**

A Standard Aquatic Plant Name may define either a single species, or all species in a particular scientific genus, family or other systematic group of aquatic plants.

Aquatic plant products should be identified by the Standard Aquatic Plant Name for that species only. However, the Standard Aquatic Plant Name for the scientific group or family to which an aquatic plant product belongs may be used if:

- a. particular aquatic plant product does not have a Standard Aquatic Plant Name for that particular species, or
- b. the aquatic plant product is part of a batch of different species of aquatic plant products, all of which are from the same scientific group or family, and
- c. using the Standard Aquatic Plant Name for the scientific group or family to which an aquatic plant product belongs, does not mislead, misrepresent or confuse the identification of the aquatic plant.

In any instance where a group name is used, the group name should be shown capitalised<sup>1</sup> in order to indicate that it is a group name.

Some group names listed in this Standard display a pluralisation in brackets. When displaying these group names, the pluralised form is optional.

### **4.2 Use of other names for aquatic plant products**

#### **4.2.1 When other names for aquatic plant products may be used**

When a Standard Aquatic Plant Name is required to be used under this Standard, a species (or group) of aquatic plant products that does not have a Standard Aquatic Plant Name specified in Annex A may, subject to 4.2.2, be identified by a name that is commonly used for that species in Australian or international markets.

#### **4.2.2 Notification of use of other names for aquatic plant products**

- a. initiate a proposal for a Standard Aquatic Plant Name to be assigned for that species or group, or
- b. require the person or business using the other name to submit an application for a Standard Aquatic Plant Name to be assigned for that species or group.

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<sup>1</sup> Example: Any of the *Chordaria*, *Cladosiphon*, *Myriogloea*, *Nemacystus* & *Tinocladia* spp. shall be referred to as MOZUKU

#### **4.2.3 Display of obsolete aquatic plant names**

A person or business may display an obsolete name for an aquatic plant product on their point of sale labels only if:

- a. the correct Standard Aquatic Plant Name is displayed in a more prominent position and larger text than, and above the obsolete name, and
- b. the obsolete name is qualified by the use of brackets. A qualifying statement, for example “formerly sold here as”, may also be added in the brackets.



## Annex A – List of Standard Aquatic Plant Names

### **This Annex forms part of this Standard**

This Annex lists approved Standard Aquatic Plant Names and is an integral part of the Australian Standard for Aquatic Plant Names. Lists of Standard Aquatic Plant Names are available from

[www.frdc.com.au/knowledge-hub/standards](http://www.frdc.com.au/knowledge-hub/standards)

### **Standard Names websites**

Current versions of this Standard (including Annex A), standards development policies and procedures, and Standard Aquatic Plant Names application forms can be found at the following web addresses:

Searchable database of Standard Aquatic Plant Names

[www.frdc.com.au/knowledge-hub/standards/aquatic-plant-names-standard](http://www.frdc.com.au/knowledge-hub/standards/aquatic-plant-names-standard)

Information about the Australian Standard for Aquatic Plant Names and the applications process

[www.frdc.com.au/knowledge-hub/standards/about](http://www.frdc.com.au/knowledge-hub/standards/about)

### **Format and content**

Annex A may be in electronic or hard copy form and shall, when the information exists, include at least Standard Aquatic Plant Name, Scientific name, CAAB Code, and where possible, Authority.

### **Updating Annex A**

Annex A shall be updated as soon as practicable after a new or amended Standard Aquatic Plant Name has been approved. Revised scientific names are incorporated when FRDC is advised in accordance with this Standard. FRDC shall make the current version of the Australian Standard for Aquatic Plant Names available for electronic download from the FRDC website at

[www.frdc.com.au/knowledge-hub/standards/aquatic-plant-names-standard#toc-download-the-aquatic-plant-names-database](http://www.frdc.com.au/knowledge-hub/standards/aquatic-plant-names-standard#toc-download-the-aquatic-plant-names-database)

### **More information from FRDC**

Email [frdc@frdc.com.au](mailto:frdc@frdc.com.au)

Phone 02 6122 2100

## Amendments since last publication

### Additions

CAAB Code	Approved standard name	Scientific name	Authority
<b>A-1</b>	<b>Order Fucales</b> <b>Family Sargassaceae</b>		
54 105904	SARGASSUM	<i>Sargassum</i> spp. except <i>S. fusiforme</i>	
<b>A-3</b>	<b>Order Ulotriconales</b> <b>Family Monostromataceae &amp; Gayraliaceae</b>		
56 186905	SLENDER SEA LETTUCES	<i>Monostroma</i> & <i>Gayralia</i> spp.	
<b>A-4</b>	<b>Order Ceramiales</b> <b>Family Rhodomelaceae</b>		
55 133944	POLYSIPHONIA	<i>Polysiphonia</i> spp.	
<b>A-4</b>	<b>Order Halymeniales</b> <b>Family Halymeniaceae</b>		
55 095002	Red Bladeweed	<i>Halymenia durvillei</i>	Bory de Saint-Vincent, 1828
<b>A-4</b>	<b>Order Palmariales</b> <b>Family Palmariaceae</b>		
55 115002	Dulse	<i>Palmaria palmata</i>	(Linnaeus) Weber & Mohr, 1805
<b>A-6</b>	<b>Order Caryophyllales</b> <b>Family Amaranthaceae</b>		
63 641901	SEABLITES	<i>Suaeda</i> spp.	(Linnaeus) Weber & Mohr, 1805
<b>Scientific name change</b>			
63 220002	Watercress		
Scientific name change from			
<i>Nasturtium officinale</i> W. T. Aiton, 1812 to			
<i>Rorippa nasturtium-aquaticum</i> (Linnaeus, 1753) Hayek, 1904			

## A-1 Brown Algae

CAAB Code	Approved standard name	Scientific name	Authority
<b>Order Ectocarpales</b>			
<b>Family Chordariaceae</b>			
54 012912	MOZUKU	<i>Chordaria, Cladosiphon, Myriogloea, Nemacystus &amp; Tinocladia</i> spp.	
<b>Family Chordariaceae</b>			
54 050904	HABANORI	<i>Petalonia</i> spp.	
<b>Order Fucales</b>			
<b>Family Durvillaeaceae</b>			
54 095901	BULL KELP	<i>Durvillaea</i> spp.	
<b>Family Chordariaceae</b>			
54 101006	Bladder Wrack	<i>Fucus vesiculosus</i>	Linnaeus, 1753
54 101005	Knotted Wrack	<i>Ascophyllum nodosum</i>	(Linnaeus, 1753) Le Jolis, 1863
54 101903	ROCKWEED	<i>Fucus</i> spp.	
<b>Family Himanthaliaceae</b>			
54 104001	Sea Spaghetti	<i>Himanthalia elongata</i>	(Linnaeus, 1753) S. F. Gray, 1821
<b>Family Hormosiraceae</b>			
54 100001	Neptune's Necklace	<i>Hormosira banksii</i>	(Turner, 1808) Decaisne, 1842
<b>Family Sargassaceae</b>			
54 105077	Hijiki	<i>Sargassum fusiforme</i>	(Harvey, 1860) Setchell, 1931
54 105904	SARGASSUM	<i>Sargassum</i> spp. except <i>S. fusiforme</i>	
<b>Family Seirococcaceae</b>			
54 102001	Crayweed	<i>Phyllospora comosa</i>	(Labillardière, 1807) C. Agardh, 1839
<b>Order Laminariales</b>			
<b>Family Alariaceae</b>			
54 080004	Winged Kelp	<i>Alaria esculenta</i>	(Linnaeus, 1767) Greville, 1830
54 080002	Kukiwakame [midrib] Mekabu [sporophyll] Wakame [frond]	<i>Undaria pinnatifida</i>	(Harvey, 1860) Suringar, 1873
<b>Family Laminariaceae</b>			
54 076902	KOMBU	<i>Laminaria &amp; Saccharina</i> spp.	
54 076001	Giant Kelp	<i>Macrocystis pyrifera</i>	(Linnaeus, 1771) C. Agardh, 1820
<b>Family Laminariaceae</b>			
54 079009	Golden Kelp	<i>Ecklonia radiata</i>	(C. Agardh, 1817) J. Agardh, 1848
54 079010	Kajime	<i>Ecklonia cava</i>	Kjellman, 1885
54 079901	SOUTHERN KOMBU	<i>Lessonia</i> spp.	

## A-2 Cyanobacteria

CAAB Code	Approved standard name	Scientific name	Authority
<b>Order Ectocarpales</b>			
<b>Family Aphanizomenonaceae</b>			
70 060901	APHANIZOMENON	<i>Aphanizomenon</i> spp.	
<b>Order Oscillatoriales</b>			
<b>Family Microcoleaceae</b>			
70 014901	SPIRULINA	<i>Limnospira</i> spp.	

## A-3 Green Algae

CAAB Code	Approved standard name	Scientific name	Authority
<b>Order Bryopsidales</b>			
<b>Family Caulerpaceae</b>			
56 197902	SEA GRAPES	<i>Caulerpa cylindracea</i>	Sonder, 1845
		<i>Caulerpa hodgkinsoniae</i>	J. Agardh, 1887
		<i>Caulerpa lentillifera</i>	J. Agardh, 1837
		<i>Caulerpa racemosa</i>	(Forsskål, 1775) J. Agardh, 1873
		<i>Caulerpa sedoides</i>	C. Agardh, 1817
		<i>Caulerpa vesiculifera</i>	(Harvey, 1859) Harvey, 1863
<b>Family Codiaceae</b>			
56 191902	VELVET FINGERS	<i>Codium</i> spp.	
<b>Order Chlamydomonadales</b>			
<b>Family Dunaliellaceae</b>			
56 101001	Dunaliella	<i>Dunaliella salina</i>	(Dunal, 1837) Teodoresco, 1905
<b>Family Haematococcaceae</b>			
56 104001	Haematococcus	<i>Haematococcus lacustris</i>	(Girod-Chantrons, 1802) Rostafinski, 1875
<b>Order Chlorellales</b>			
<b>Family Chlorellaceae</b>			
56 121901	CHLORELLA	<i>Chlorella</i> spp.	
<b>Order Chlorodendrales</b>			
<b>Family Chlorodendraceae</b>			
56 007901	TETRASELMIS	<i>Tetraselmis</i> spp.	
<b>Order Ulotrichales</b>			
<b>Family Monostromataceae &amp; Gayraliaceae</b>			
56 186905	SLENDER SEA LETTUCES	<i>Monostroma</i> & <i>Gayralia</i> spp.	
<b>Order Ulvales</b>			
<b>Family Ulvaceae</b>			
56 165907	SEA LETTUCES	<i>Ulva</i> spp.	

## A-4 Red Algae

CAAB Code	Approved standard name	Scientific name	Authority
<b>Order Bangiales</b>			
<b>Family Bangiaceae</b>			
55 010904	NORI	<i>Porphyra</i> & <i>Pyropia</i> spp.	
<b>Order Bonnemaisoniales</b>			
<b>Family Bonnemaisoniaceae</b>			
55 125901	ASPARAGOPSIS	<i>Asparagopsis</i> spp.	
<b>Order Ceramiales</b>			
<b>Family Rhodomelaceae</b>			
55 133944	POLYSIPHONIA	<i>Polysiphonia</i> spp.	
<b>Order Gelidiales</b>			
55 028904	AGARWEED	<i>Gelidium</i> spp. & <i>Pterocladia</i> spp.	
<b>Order Gigartinales</b>			
<b>Family Gigartinaceae</b>			
55 053033	Irish Moss	<i>Chondrus crispus</i>	Stackhouse, 1797
<b>Family Solieriaceae</b>			
55 056914	JELLYWEED	<i>Betaphycus</i> & <i>Eucheuma</i> spp.	
55 056912	SOLIERIA	<i>Solieria</i> spp.	
<b>Order Gracilariales</b>			
<b>Family Gracilariaceae</b>			
55 106902	GRACILARIA	<i>Gracilaria</i> spp.	
<b>Order Halymeniales</b>			
<b>Family Halymeniaceae</b>			
55 095002	Red Bladeweed	<i>Halymenia durvillei</i>	Bory de Saint-Vincent, 1828
55 095050	Red Sea Lettuce	<i>Grateloupia turuturu</i>	Yamada, 1941
<b>Order Palmariales</b>			
<b>Family Palmariaceae</b>			
55 115002	Dulse	<i>Palmaria palmata</i>	(Linnaeus) Weber & Mohr, 1805

## A-5 Aquatic Protists

CAAB Code	Approved standard name	Scientific name	Authority
<b>Order Thraustochytriales</b>			
<b>Family Thraustochytriaceae</b>			
53 701000	THRAUSTOCHYTRIDS	Thraustochytriaceae – undifferentiated	

## A-6 Flowering Plants

CAAB Code	Approved standard name	Scientific name	Authority
<b>Order Apiales</b>			
<b>Family Apiaceae</b>			
63 460002	Lebanese Cress	<i>Helosciadium nodiflorum</i>	(Linnaeus, 1753) W. D. J.Koch, 2010
63 460001	Water Celery	<i>Oenanthe javanica</i>	de Candolle, 1830



**Order Brassicales****Family Brassicaceae**

63 220002	Watercress	<i>Rorippa nasturtium-aquaticum</i>	(Linnaeus, 1753) Hayek, 1904
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**Order Caryophyllales****Family Amaranthaceae**

63 641901	SEABLITES	<i>Suaeda</i> spp.	
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**Family Chenopodiaceae**

63 145903	SAMPHIRES	<i>Salicornia &amp; Tecticornia</i> spp.	
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**Order Lamiales****Family Plantaginaceae**

63 641901	Buffalo Spinach	<i>Limnophila aromatica</i>	(Lamarck, 1786) Merrill, 1917
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63 470902	WATER HYSSOP	<i>Bacopa</i> spp.	
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**Order Nymphaeales****Family Nelumbonaceae**

63 050001	Blue Water Lily	<i>Nymphaea gigantea</i>	W. J. Hooker, 1852
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63 050901	WATER LILIES	<i>Nymphaea</i> spp.	
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**Order Poales****Family Cyperaceae**

63 640001	Chinese Water Chestnut	<i>Eleocharis dulcis</i>	(N. L. Burman, 1768) Trinius ex Henschel, 1833
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**Order Proteales****Family Nelumbonaceae**

63 120001	Lotus	<i>Nelumbo nucifera</i>	J. Gaertner, 1788
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**Order Solanales****Family Convolvulaceae**

63 480001	Kang Kong	<i>Ipomoea aquatica</i>	Forsskål, 1775
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