## Seafood's impact on maternal and infant health



In 2025, two independent Australian scientists (Hunt and McManus) reviewed a decade of high-quality scientific studies into the health benefits of eating seafood. **According to their report, scientific studies have shown that:** 



Getting omega-3s through seafood during pregnancy can reduce the chances of a pre-term birth and the chance of baby being low birthweight.



- During pregnancy, eating omega-3 rich foods can reduce the risk of miscarriage and preeclampsia, a serious pregnancy complication.
- The omega-3s and iodine you get from eating fish are shown to reduce maternal depression and anxiety, and also increase baby's brain development.
- Eating omega-3s during pregnancy and lactation can reduce the risk of baby having food allergies.
- If babies eat fish in their first 12 months, it may reduce their risk of eczema, hay fever, asthma and wheezing.

For full detail see: Hunt W, McManus A. 2025 The health benefits of eating seafood: Evidence based science. School of Medical, Molecular and Forensic Sciences, Murdoch University, Australia and Faculty of Health Sciences, Curtin University, Australia. Report # 27032025

## The Health Benefits of Eating Seafood as Part of a Healthy Diet

Beneficial Nutrients and Minerals in Seafood	Health Benefits Provided
Omega-3 fatty acids	<ul> <li>Essential for health (human bodies do not make them)</li> <li>Essential to brain development and function</li> <li>Reduces heart disease and aids blood vessel function</li> <li>Helps to maintain and improve eyesight</li> <li>May reduce asthma and allergies</li> </ul>
Calcium	<ul> <li>Works with Vitamin D to develop and maintain strong bones</li> <li>Vital for muscle, nerve and heart function</li> <li>Helps to prevent osteoporosis</li> </ul>
lodine	<ul> <li>Essential for thyroid function, growth, metabolism, cellular oxygenation and maintenance of the central nervous system</li> </ul>
Vitamin D	<ul> <li>Seafood is the best source of dietary Vitamin D</li> <li>Improves immune function, skin condition and muscle strength</li> <li>Oily fish are a rich source of Vitamin D</li> </ul>
Iron	<ul><li>Production of energy; necessary for muscle function</li><li>Facilitates blood oxygenation</li></ul>
Vitamin B12	<ul> <li>Aids DNA synthesis and normal blood function</li> <li>Aids neurological function</li> <li>Helps to retain cognitive function during ageing</li> </ul>
Zinc	Aids immunity and healing
Protein	<ul> <li>Repairs and maintains cells (muscles, bones, fingernails, hair)</li> <li>Vital for digestive function and antibody production</li> <li>Source of energy</li> <li>Basis for hormones such as adrenaline</li> </ul>
Selenium	<ul> <li>Prevents cellular damage</li> <li>Regulates thyroid function</li> <li>Supports a healthy immune function</li> </ul>
Vitamins A and E (antioxidants)	<ul><li>Important to heart and skin</li><li>Essential for nervous and circulatory systems function</li></ul>
Copper	<ul> <li>Keeps nerve cells and immune systems healthy</li> <li>Helps make red blood cells</li> <li>Essential for blood and nervous systems function</li> </ul>
Manganese	<ul> <li>Helps form connective tissue, bones, blood and sex hormones</li> <li>Helps metabolise fats and carbohydrates</li> <li>Aids calcium absorption and blood sugar regulation</li> <li>Essential for normal brain and nerve function</li> </ul>
Phosphorous	<ul> <li>Essential for bone and teeth health</li> <li>Helps filter waste from kidneys</li> <li>Helps the body store and use energy</li> <li>Reduces muscle pain following exercise</li> </ul>
Taurine	<ul> <li>Essential for heart and brain function</li> <li>Supports the nervous system and aids nerve growth</li> <li>Lowers blood pressure</li> </ul>

