Development of Generic Contingency Plans for Disease Emergencies of Aquatic Animals

Final Report

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PROJECT TITLE

Development of Generic Contingency Plans for Disease Emergencies of Aquatic Animals

PROJECT NUMBER

97/214

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ACRONYMS

Acronym	Full Spelling
AAF	Australian Aquaculture Forum
AAHL	Australian Animal Health Laboratory
ADVS	Aquaculture Development and Veterinary Services Pty Ltd
AFFA	Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries - Australia
APFA	Australian Prawn Farmers Association
AQIS	Australian Quarantine and Inspection Service
AQUAVETPLAN	Aquatic Animal Veterinary Emergency Plan
ARMCANZ	Agriculture and Resource Management Council of Australia and New Zealand
ASIC	Australian Seafood Industry Council
AUSVETPLAN	Australian Animal Veterinary Emergency Plan
BRS	Bureau of Resource Sciences
CCEAD	Consultative Committee on Emergency Animal Diseases
CSIRO	Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation
CVO	Chief Veterinary Officer
DNRE	Department of Natural Resources and Environment
DPIE	Department of Primary Industries and Energy
DPIF	Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries
DPIWE	Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment
FAB	Fisheries and Aquaculture Branch
FHCG	Fish Health Coordinating Group
FHMC	Fish Health Management Committee
FRDC	Fisheries Research and Development Corporation
MCFFA	Ministerial Council for Forestry, Fisheries and Aquaculture
NACA	Network of Aquaculture Centres in Asia-Pacific
NOAPH	National Office of Animal and Plant Health
OCVO	Office of the Australian Chief Veterinary Officer
OIE	Office International des Epizooties (World Organisation for Animal Health)
QDPI	Queensland Department of Primary Industries
SCARM	Standing Committee on Agriculture and Resource Management
SCFA	Standing Committee on Fisheries and Aquaculture
SDT	Standard Diagnostic Technique

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

While funding was provided by the *Fisheries Research and Development Corporation* for travel and accommodation to enable the gathering of the wide expertise required to produce this document significant support was also received from the Fisheries Resources Research Fund and CSIRO Animal Health. The contributions of industry and government groups who donated time and salaries are gratefully acknowledged and are an indication of the commitment of these groups to the process. Members of the Fish Health Coordinating Group gave encouragement and support to the project.

1.0 NON-TECHNICAL SUMMARY

97/214 Development of generic contingency plans for disease emergencies of aquatic animals

CO-PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATORS

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OBJECTIVES

- 1. Write four generic (enclosed water; open freshwater; net/open culture marine; open marine) contingency planning manuals for the occurrence of significant diseases in aquatic animals to draft form.
- 2. Following consultation with industry, State government and Commonwealth government representatives, produce four final generic contingency planning manuals.

SUMMARY

This project was initiated by the Fish Health Coordinating Group (FHCG) of SCARM/SCFA. To accomplish project objectives, the project leaders brought together experts from industry, State Government and Commonwealth Agencies to scope the task, plan and organise the structure of the contingency planning manuals, and to form writing groups for each of the manuals.

Objective 1. During the course of the project, there was strong support for the four manuals to be combined in a single manual. Thus the Enterprise Manual of AQUAVETPLAN consists of four generic contingency plans under the headings:

- 1. Open Systems
- 2. Semi-open Systems
- 3. Semi-closed Systems
- 4. Closed Systems

The Enterprise Manual covers all major activities/enterprises involving aquatic animals in all environments whether marine or freshwater and whether the animals form the basis of the wild catch or whether they are farmed stock.

The manual is divided into three main sections. Section A is titled *Overview* and includes definitions, key operational terms and a brief discussion on management of disease emergencies. Section B is titled *Industry Sector Information* and Section C is titled *Response Options* both of which are self-explanatory. In addition, at the rear of the manual there is a series of appendices which contain additional information to assist in management of an aquatic animal disease emergency. The following appendices have been included.

Appendix 1. Summary of current legislation with relevance to aquatic animal diseases

- Appendix 2. Human pathogens
- Appendix 3. Species of animals used for aquaculture in Australia
- Appendix 4. Australian National List of Reportable Diseases of Aquatic Animals
- Appendix 5. Aquatic animal disease emergency contact numbers in Australia
- Appendix 6. Drug and chemical use in aquaculture

The industry sectors covered by the manual are:

- 1. Catchment, estuarine and marine commercial and recreational wild-catch fisheries (open systems);
- 2. The semi-open systems used in southern bluefin tuna, salmonid and barramundi cage culture, pearl oyster and edible shellfish culture;
- 3. The semi-closed systems used in culture of native freshwater finfish, prawns (hatcheries and ponds), trout (grow-out in freshwater), salmonids (hatcheries and raceways), marine finfish (hatcheries) and freshwater crayfish;
- 4. The closed systems used for ornamental aquatic animals, for maintaining live fish for human consumption and those used in intensive grow-out facilities and hatcheries.

Objective 2. During the course of this project representatives from the farmed salmonid, farmed oyster, farmed tuna and farmed prawn industry sectors and from the ornamental fish industry have been consulted and/or have been members of the writing groups. Similarly, officers of State/Territory Departments and of Commonwealth Agencies have been consulted and/or have been members of the writing groups.

The Generic Contingency Plans for Disease Emergencies of Aquatic Animals, developed during the course of this project, which are now known collectively as the Enterprise Manual of AQUAVETPLAN and modeled on AUSVETPLAN enterprise manuals, will be incorporated into Program 4 of AQUAPLAN, a national five-year plan for aquatic animal health in Australia, implemented by the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, Canberra.

ISBN number 0 642 73000 8 has been assigned to the Enterprise Manual.

The final document has been be forwarded to Fish Health Management Committee (FHMC), Standing Committee on Fisheries and Aquaculture (SCFA) and Ministerial Council of Forestry, Fisheries and Aquaculture (MCFFA) for endorsement. As soon as endorsement is obtained the first version of the Enterprise Manual will produced and distributed. As part of this project, printed copies will be distributed to key stakeholders.

It is expected that AQUAVETPLAN including the Enterprise Manual will be placed on the AFFA web-site for efficient dissemination. In addition, it is likely that AQUAVETPLAN will need to be up-dated on a regular basis. Such activities will be managed by AFFA. Linkages to other useful web-sites relevant to aquatic animal diseases will be included.

Other related activities which come under the umbrella of AQUAPLAN include the development of Standard Diagnostic Techniques (SDTs) for aquatic animal diseases. It is expected that these SDTs will be available as hard-copies as well as placed onto the AFFA web-site and linked to other documents such as AQUAVETPLAN.

2.0 BACKGROUND

In recent years, several important outbreaks of aquatic animal disease have occurred in Australia such as the 1995 [5, 9] and 1998/99 pilchard mortality events and various prawn diseases in Queensland [7], each with a significant negative impact not only on the specific industry but also other related industries. Moreover, world-wide there is an increasing focus on diseases of aquatic organisms and their influence on production, catches, trade and public health. Recently, there have been significant developments within OIE and NACA organisations with respect to aquatic animal diseases. Thus it is important for Australia to further develop the capacity to respond to emergency disease outbreaks in the aquatic environment.

It was during this period that the Fish Health Coordinating Group (FHCG), operating under SCARM and SCFA, was formed to formally coordinate aquatic animal disease issues across two ministerial Councils. FHCG, chaired by Prof. Mike Rickard (Chief, CSIRO Animal Health, member of Animal Health Committee), comprised of members from SCFA Aquaculture Committee, the Office of the Commonwealth CVO and the fisheries industries (see Appendix 1). While policy for prevention and control of disease is well-developed in the terrestrial animal industries, similar policies and expertise either do not exist or are currently being developed for the aquatic animal industries. The status of underdevelopment in this area was recognised by the SCARM Task Force on Managing Incursions [8]. The Fish Sub-committee of the Task Force was formed around the basic membership of FHCG and organised two joint industry/government workshops to seek views and make recommendations with respect to the adoption of national reporting and response mechanisms to manage incursions of aquatic animal diseases and pests.

One of the main outcomes of the workshop, held in 1996, was the recognition for the need for a series of area-specific contingency plans:

- 1) Enclosed waters
- 2) Open freshwater
- 3) Net/open culture marine
- 4) Open marine

FHCG is recognised as a technical group that has progressed issues which will contribute to the development of a national aquatic animal health system as recommended by the report of the Task Force on Imported Fish and Fish Products [4]. Such activities have included:

- A review of State and Territory aquatic animal disease legislation, partly funded by FRDC (FRDC Project Number 95/087) [1]
- Development of a National List of Reportable Diseases of Aquatic Animals (Appendix 2).

Recently, in addition to progressing the current project, viz. contingency planning and arrangements for the management of emergency aquatic animal disease outbreaks, partly funded by FRDC, FHCG initiated progress on development of standard diagnostic techniques for diseases of aquatic animals. During the development phases of these projects other issues, such as compensation (for industry as a result of stock destruction in an effort to control disease spread) were raised and which needed to be addressed but at a higher level than FHCG. Thus the Fish Health Management Committee (FHMC; Appendix 3) was established to ensure that progress on such higher level issues occurred while FHCG continued to progress technical issues.

In response to the Report of the National Task Force on Imported Fish and Fish Products [4] and the Nairn Report on quarantine [6], FHMC convened a Strategic Planning Workshop of Government and industry representatives to develop a national five-year plan for aquatic

animal health, 28-29 April 1998, Canberra [2]. Participants included representatives of SCARM, SCFA and major aquaculture industry leaders and peak industry bodies.

The outcome of the meeting was an agreed national five-year plan for aquatic animal health in Australia (AQUAPLAN) consisting of eight programs. These programs will be overseen by one or more members of the Fish Health Management Committee. The Quarantine program will be overseen by the Australian Quarantine and Inspection Service (AQIS) which has statutory authority in this area.

The programs and overseers are:

- 1. International linkages (Gardner Murray, Chief Veterinary Officer; Angus Horwood, RecFish Australia);
- 2. Quarantine (Paul Hickey, AQIS);
- 3. Surveillance, Monitoring and Reporting (Gardner Murray; Angus Horwood);
- 4. Preparedness and Response (John Pollock, SCARM; Angus Horwood);
- 5. Awareness (Mike Rickard, CSIRO Australian Animal Health Laboratory);
- 6. Research and development (Rick Scoones, Australian Aquaculture Forum);
- 7. Legislation, policies and jurisdiction (Alex Schaap, SCFA); and
- 8. Resources and funding (Brian Jeffries, Australian Seafood Industry Council).

The Generic Contingency Plans for Disease Emergencies of Aquatic Animals, developed during the course of this project, which are now known as the Enterprise Manual of AQUAVETPLAN and modeled on AUSVETPLAN enterprise manuals, will be incorporated into Program 4 of AQUAPLAN.

3.0 NEED

Development of contingency plans for significant animal diseases is a critical first step in the management of disease outbreaks. In this respect, aquatic animal health policy development is lagging behind terrestrial animal health policy by approximately 20 years. At the SCARM Task Force on Managing Incursions - Fish Sub-committee – workshops, all sectors of the fishing industry strongly supported the need for a national approach to aquatic animal disease control issues and identified the writing of contingency plans for disease incursions to be an important task.

In response to the Report of The National Task Force on Imported Fish and Fish Products [4] and the Nairn Report on quarantine [6], government funding has been made available to support the development of a national five-year plan for aquatic animal health in Australia (AQUAPLAN) [2]. The Enterprise Manual of AQUAVETPLAN, developed during the course of this project, will be a fundamental part of AQUAPLAN.

4.0 OBJECTIVES

The project objectives in the original application were:

- 1. Write four generic (enclosed water; open freshwater; net/open culture marine; open marine) contingency planning manuals for the occurrence of significant diseases in aquatic animals to draft form.
- 2. Following consultation with industry, State government and Commonwealth government representatives, produce four final generic contingency planning manuals.

During the course of the project, there was strong support for the four manuals to be combined in a single manual. Thus the generic contingency planning manual (the Enterprise Manual of AQUAVETPLAN) consists of four generic contingency plans under the headings:

- 1. Open Systems
- 2. Semi-open Systems
- 3. Semi-closed Systems
- 4. Closed Systems

The Enterprise Manual covers all major activities/enterprises involving aquatic animals in all environments whether marine or freshwater and whether the animals form the basis of the wild catch or whether they are farmed stock.

5.0 METHODS

Two meetings of writing groups were organised to draft the contingency plans. The meetings were convened at locations which facilitated travel to/from all States and Territories. The first meeting was held in Brisbane on 46 August 1997 and the second meeting was held at CSIRO Animal Health, Geelong on 12-14 October 1997. CSIRO Animal Health, Geelong was used as the venue for the second meeting to allow writing groups access to sufficient word-processing resources and library facilities.

5.1 Brisbane Meeting Tasks

- Convene industry, State Government and Commonwealth Agency experts to scope the task, plan and organise a basic and consistent structure to the contingency planning manuals.
- Basic requirements for contingency planning manuals, based on those developed for terrestrial animal diseases (e.g. AUSVETPLAN), were discussed.
- Project participants were assigned to each of four writing groups to draft an outline of their assigned manual and present to the whole forum for comment. Each writing group consisted of, at least:
- 1. *Group secretary* (a Commonwealth Government representative responsible for compiling the draft plans)
- 2. Aquatic animal disease professional
- 3. Systems expert
- 4. Relevant *industry representative*
- Writing-group members were assigned specific sections of the outline to draft.

5.2 Geelong Meeting Tasks

- Each writing group presented to the forum the first draft of the contingency planning manual specific to their assigned system. Comments were gathered from all project participants.
- Using resources (computers and library) available at AAHL, writing groups initiated writing of a "second draft" incorporating agreed revisions.
- On the final day, progress on the second draft was reported to the participants. Comments were gathered from the participants.
- Plans to finalise the draft manuals were discussed. Gaps were identified.
- Distribution lists for "final drafts" of the planning manuals were developed.

5.3 Final Document Preparation

Following the second meeting, the co-principal investigators edited the information gathered from each writing group by each group leader and ensured that it conformed to the standard, agreed format. Identified gaps were filled and the draft Enterprise Manual was forwarded first to the relevant writing group and the comments amalgamated. The complete document was

then forwarded to all members of every writing group for comment. All comments received have been considered by the co-principal investigators in preparation of the final draft.

The final draft was forwarded to a professional proof reader/technical editor for production of the final document. Niall Byrne (Science Communication Consultant) of Byrne Young Communication, and associates, were selected to undertake this task. Niall has had extensive experience as a science communicator and, during his tenure at CSIRO, was involved in projects associated with AUSVETPLAN and is well-qualified to undertake final editing of the Enterprise Manual.

6.0 DETAILED RESULTS

6.1 Brisbane Meeting Outcomes

It was agreed that it is appropriate to have 4 plans covering the following systems:

- 1. Open systems (where there is little, or no, control over movements of animals and water flow e.g. oceans, estuaries and catchments)
- 2. Semi-open systems (where there is little, or no, control over water flow but at least some control of animals e.g. net-pen culture in oceans, rivers, lakes)
- 3. Semi-closed systems (where there is at least some control over both water flow and animals e.g. pond culture)
- 4. Closed systems (where there is the potential for total control over water flow and animals e.g. recirculation aquaria)

It was further agreed that the plans should be contained within a single manual (similar to an *Enterprise Manual* of AUSVETPLAN) and this manual should be *loose-leaf* style so that updating would be facilitated.

Four writing groups covering these systems were formed as follows:

Open Waters

Glenn Hurry Brian Jones Judith Handlinger

Roger Clarke

Semi-Open Waters

Mark Crane Paul Hardy-Smith Steve Percival Ruth Reuter Kirsten Rough

Semi-Closed Waters

Judith Bourne Liz Evans Wendy Townsend Dick Callinan Pheroze Jungalwalla Eva-Maria Bernoth Stuart Rowland

Closed Waters

Grant Rawlin Ramesh Perera Peter Thornber Murray Barton Jared Patrick FAB, AFFA, Canberra Department of Fisheries, Western Australia Department of Primary Industries, Water & Environment (DPIWE), Tasmania Oyster Farmer's Association, New South Wales

CSIRO Australian Animal Health Laboratory, Geelong, Victoria DPIWE, Tasmania Aquaculture Development and Veterinary Services, Tasmania Veterinary Pathology Services, Adelaide, South Australia Tuna Boat Owners Association, South Australia

AQIS, AFFA, Canberra Australian Prawn Farmers Association, Queensland QDPI, Brisbane, Queensland New South Wales Fisheries, Wollongbar, NSW Tassal Pty Ltd, Hobart, Tasmania NOAPH, AFFA, Canberra New South Wales Fisheries, Grafton, NSW

NOAPH, AFFA, Canberra AQIS, AFFA, Canberra NOAPH, AFFA, Canberra DPIF, Darwin, Northern Territory Bay Tropical Fish Farm, Pty Ltd, Brisbane, Queensland In addition, the following persons were co-opted as emergency animal disease management advisors:

Chris Bunn	NOAPH, AFFA, Canberra
Dick Rubira	DNRE, Victoria

Furthermore, it was recommended that experts on certain industry sectors should be contacted to supply specific information required for the plans:

Rick Fallu, DPIF, Northern Territory (freshwater crayfish) Piers Hart, DPIWE, Tasmania (deep water shellfish) Harry King, Saltas Pty Ltd, Tasmania (Atlantic salmon hatcheries) Edward Meggit, Australian Trout and Salmon Farmers Association, Vic. (farmed rainbow trout) Derek Cropp, DPIWE, Tasmania (oyster Hatcheries) Chris Barlow, QDPI, Brisbane (farmed barramundi) Jill Millan, DPIF, Northern Territory (farmed crocodiles) Alistair Herfort, NOAPH, AFFA, Canberra (human pathogens associated with seafood)

The format of the manual was agreed upon. There are three main sections (A, B and C) organised as follows:

Section A Overview

Section Contents

A.1 Definitions

A disease emergency outbreak

A.2 Terms used to define an emergency operation Declared area Restricted area Free area Control area Infected premises Dangerous contact premises Suspect premises

A.3 Zoning

A.4 Key operational terms Tracing Surveillance Local Disease Control Centre (LDCC)

A.5 Management of aquatic animal disease emergencies Reporting Coordination of the incident Lines of communication during the incident The following is an example of how sub-sections in Section B is organised, for each system and industry sector:

Section B Industry Sector Information

Section Contents

- B.1 Open Systems (no control of animals, no control over water flow)
 - B.1.1 Introduction
 - B.1.1.1 Overview of the open systems
 - B.1.1.2 Interactions of open systems, farmed systems, and aquaculture species
 - B.1.2 Catchment

B.1.2.1	Introduction
B.1.2.2	Practices
B.1.2.3	Premises and equipment
B.1.2.4	System inputs
B.1.2.5	System outputs
B.1.2.6	Groups involved in catchment management
B.1.2.7	Legislation and codes of practice
B.1.2.8	Occupational health

The industry sectors covered by the manual (section B) are:

OPEN SYSTEMS

• Wild-catch Fisheries (catchment, estuarine and marine; commercial and recreational)

SEMI-OPEN SYSTEMS

- Southern Bluefin Tuna cage culture
- Salmonid cage culture
- Barramundi cage culture
- Pearl oyster culture
- Edible shellfish culture (oysters, mussels, scallops)

SEMI-CLOSED SYSTEMS

- Native freshwater finfish
- Prawns for grow-out
- Prawn hatcheries
- Trout in freshwater
- Salmonid hatcheries and raceways
- Marine finfish hatcheries
- Freshwater crayfish

CLOSED SYSTEMS

• Ornamental aquatic animals

Section C contains 5 major sub-sections (General Principles, Response options: Open systems, Response options: Semi-open Systems, Response options: Semi-closed systems and Response options: Closed systems) each organised in the following way (General Considerations is used as an example):

Section C Response Options

Section Contents

- C.1 General principles
- C.1.1 Introduction
- C.1.2 Factors to consider in assessing the response options
 - C.1.2.1 Stage of the disease outbreak
 - C.1.2.2 Disease agent epidemiology, biology and stability
 - C.1.2.3 Site-specific features
 - C.1.2.4 System management practices
 - C.1.2.5 Proximity to other establishments or natural environments with vulnerable species
 - C.1.2.6 Stage of development of affected stock
 - C.1.2.7 Effectiveness of treatment/vaccination/control measure
 - C.1.2.8 Implications of the disease or control measures to the industry involved or trade relations
 - C.1.2.9 Cost of control
- C.1.3 Response options
 - C.1.3.1 Responses requiring no disruption to regular farm practices
 - C.1.3.2 Responses requiring increased disruption to regular farm practices
 - C.1.3.2.1 Increased vigilance
 - C.1.3.2.2 Movement control
 - C.1.3.2.3 Treatment
 - C.1.3.3 Responses requiring major disruption to regular farm practices C.1.3.3.1 Isolation of premises/farm
 - C.1.3.3.2 Relocation of stock
 - C.1.3.3.3 Destruction of stock

At the rear of the manual there is a series of appendices which contain additional information to assist in management of an aquatic animal disease emergency. The following appendices have been included.

Appendix 1. Summary of current legislation with relevance to aquatic animal diseases

- Appendix 2. Human pathogens
- Appendix 3. Species of animals used for aquaculture in Australia
- Appendix 4. Australian National List of Reportable Diseases of Aquatic Animals
- Appendix 5. Aquatic animal disease emergency contact numbers in Australia
- Appendix 6. Drug and chemical use in aquaculture

At the conclusion of the first meeting, plans for out-of-session work and for the second meeting were agreed to.

6.2 Geelong Meeting Outcomes

The agreed format from the first meeting was revisited to ensure that it remained appropriate following gathering of additional information.

Information gathered at the first meeting, during the interim period between the two meetings and at the second meeting was collated and formatted according to the agreed/revised outline.

Any gaps in information were identified and methods to fill these gaps established and implemented.

6.3 Final Document Preparation

Using all available information gathered at the two meetings and out-of-session, a complete draft document was prepared by the co-principal investigators and distributed to selected stakeholders for comment. Comments were incorporated into a final draft. The final draft was forwarded to, and proof read/edited by, a science communication consultant for final document preparation. The final format will allow use as a hard-copy (ring-binder/loose leaf format) as well as conversion to Acrobat format to facilitate placement on the AFFA web-site.

ISBN number 0 642 73000 8 has been assigned to the Enterprise Manual of AQUAVETPLAN.

The final document will be forwarded to FHCG, FHMC, SCFA and MCFFA for endorsement and SCARM and ARMCANZ for information.

7.0 BENEFITS

Aquaculture and fishing industries throughout Australia will be the primary beneficiaries. Effective communication and contingency planning are essential to the management of emergency diseases which have the potential to damage the Australian fisheries industries both directly (through loss of stock; increased work-load) and by loss of trade, as has been demonstrated in terrestrial animal industries in many countries (e.g. mad cow disease in U.K.). Thus the benefits and beneficiaries are the same as those stated in the original application.

The Enterprise Manual of AQUAVETPLAN is directed towards all stakeholders likely to be involved in management of an aquatic animal disease emergency. Thus Commonwealth Government Officers as well as State Departments of Fisheries and Agriculture will benefit from the information covered by the Enterprise Manual. All aquaculture and fisheries industries will benefit from the development of the Enterprise Manual. The benefits will only be realised during its implementation as part of the management of an aquatic animal disease emergency. Thus quantification of the benefits is difficult since each aquatic animal disease emergency will present differently.

Indirect benefits include increased confidence of our trading partners in Australian fisheries products. Documented aquatic animal disease contingency plans demonstrate Australia's commitment to responsible management of disease emergencies and should reduce the negative impact of disease on Australian industries and international trade.

In addition, the Enterprise Manual documents the responsibilities of aquaculture and fisheries industries in management of disease emergencies. Industry sectors, individual operations and State authorities should develop their own disease contingency plans which would dovetail with the Enterprise Manual and thus facilitate effective and efficient management of aquatic animal disease emergencies should any arise.

8.0 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

No typical intellectual property (commercially significant developments, patents applied for or granted, licences, etc.) has been generated by this project.

9.0 FURTHER DEVELOPMENT

It is expected that the Enterprise Manual of AQUAVETPLAN, as part of AQUAPLAN, will be placed on the AFFA web-site for efficient dissemination. In addition, it is likely that AQUAVETPLAN will need to be up-dated on a regular basis. Such activities will be managed by AFFA. Linkages to other useful web-sites will be made.

Other related activities which come under the umbrella of AQUAPLAN include the development of Standard Diagnostic Techniques (SDTs) for aquatic animal diseases [3]. It is expected that these SDTs will be available as hard-copies as well as placed onto the AFFA web-site and linked to other documents such as the various manuals of AQUAVETPLAN.

10.0 STAFF

Apart from the co-principal investigators, officers from State and Commonwealth agencies and representatives from various aquaculture and fisheries industries have been involved in this project and are listed below.

Co-principal Investigators

Mark Crane, AAHL Fish Diseases Laboratory, CSIRO Animal Health, Geelong, Victoria Grant Rawlin, National Offices of Animal and Plant Health, Agriculture Forestry and Fisheries Australia, Canberra

Members of Writing Groups

Open Waters

Glenn Hurry, Fisheries and Aquaculture Branch, AFFA, Canberra Brian Jones, Department of Fisheries, Western Australia Judith Handlinger, Department of Primary Industries, Water and Environment, Tasmania Roger Clarke, Oyster Farmer's Association, New South Wales

Semi-Open Waters

Mark Crane, CSIRO AAHL, Geelong, Victoria Paul Hardy-Smith, DPIWE, Tasmania Steve Percival, ADVS, Tasmania Ruth Reuter, Veterinary Pathology Services, South Australia Kirsten Rough, Tuna Boat Owners Association, South Australia

Semi-Closed Waters

Judith Bourne, AQIS, AFFA, Canberra Liz Evans, Australian Prawn Farmers Association, Queensland Wendy Townsend, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Brisbane, Queensland Dick Callinan, New South Wales Fisheries, Wollongbar Agricultural Institute, NSW Pheroze Jungalwalla, Tassal Pty Ltd, Tasmania Eva-Maria Bernoth, National Office of Animal and Plant Health, AFFA, Canberra. Stuart Rowland, New South Wales Fisheries, Grafton, NSW

Closed Waters

Grant Rawlin, NOAPH, AFFA, Canberra Ramesh Perera, AQIS, AFFA, Canberra Peter Thornber, NOAPH, AFFA, Canberra Murray Barton, Department of Primary Industries and Fisheries, Northern Territory Jared Patrick, Bay Tropical Fish Farm, Pty Ltd, Brisbane, Queensland

In addition, the following persons were co-opted as emergency animal disease management advisers:

Chris Bunn, NOAPH, AFFA, Canberra Dick Rubira, Department of Natural Resources and Environment, Victoria

Furthermore, it was recommended that experts on certain industry sectors should be contacted to supply specific information required for the plans:

Rick Fallu, DPIF, Northern Territory (freshwater crayfish) Piers Hart, DPIWE, Tasmania (Deep Water Shellfish) Harry King, Saltas Pty Ltd, Tasmania (Atlantic salmon hatcheries) Edward Meggit, Australian Trout and Salmon Farmers Association, Vic. (Farmed rainbow trout) Derek Cropp, DPIF, Tasmania (Oyster Hatcheries)

Chris Barlow, QDPI, Brisbane (Farmed barramundi)

Jill Millan, DPIF, Northern Territory (Farmed crocodiles)

Alistair Herfort, NOAPH, AFFA, Canberra (Human pathogens associated with seafood)

11.0 DISTRIBUTION

Copies of the *Enterprise Manual* of AQUAVETPLAN will be distributed to the following organisations.

11.1 Fisheries Research and Development Corporation

(10 bound copies, 1 unbound copy plus a copy on a floppy disc)

Mr Alex Wells Projects Manager FRDC PO Box 222 Deakin West ACT 2600

Additional copies to FRDC aquaculture sub-program leaders:

Dr Robert van Barneveld Research Nutritionist Barneveld Nutrition Pty Ltd Lot 12, Wild Street Williamstown SA 5351

Mr Steven Clarke Aquaculture Program Leader South Australian Research and Development Institute Department of Aquatic Sciences 2 Hamra Ave West Beach SA 5024

Dr Geoff Allan Supervisor of Research (Aquaculture) Port Stephens Research Centre Taylors Beach Road Taylors Beach NSW 2316

11.2 Fish Health Coordinating Group

Mr Simon Wilkinson Secretary Fish Health Coordinating Group Office of Commonwealth CVO Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries – Australia GPO Box 858 Barton ACT 2601

11.3 Standing Committee on Fisheries and Aquaculture/Fish Health Management Committee (2 copies)

Mr Glenn Hurry Fisheries and Aquaculture Branch Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries – Australia GPO Box 858 Barton ACT 2601

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11.16 Aquaculture CRC Ltd

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11.17 Pet Industry Joint Advisory Council

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11.31 National Fishing Industry Council

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11.35 Australian Prawn Farmers Association

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11.36 Australian Trout and Salmon Farmers Association

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11.37 Crocodile Farmers Association

Mr Neville Mitchell President Crocodile Farmers Association - Australia PO Box 4600 Darwin NT 0801

11.38 Aquaculture Council of Western Australia

Mr Simon Bennison Executive Officer Aquaculture Council of Western Australia c/o WA Fishing Industry Council PO Box 55 Mount Hawthorn WA 6016

11.39 The National Library

Document Delivery Service National Library of Australia Canberra ACT 2600

11.40 Primaqa

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12.0 **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

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13.1 APPENDIX 1: Fish Health Coordinating Group

MEMBER	REPRESENTATIVE	
SCARM Veterinary Committee (Chair)	Prof. Mike Rickard Chief CSIRO Animal Health	
Secretary	Mr. Simon Wilkinson, AFFA	
SCARM Office of Commonwealth Chief Veterinary Officer	Dr. Peter Thornber Special Veterinary Assistant, OCVO	
SCFA Aquaculture Committee	Dr. Damien Ogburn NSW Fisheries	
SCFA Environment and Health Committee	Dr. John Beumer QDPI (Fisheries)	
Wild-caught fisheries Industry	Ms. Jayne Gallagher (ASIC)	
FAB	Mr. Glenn Hurry Aquaculture Unit	
BRS Technical Coordinator	Dr. Grant Rawlin Principal Veterinary Officer Technical coordinator	
Aquaculture Industry	ТВА	
Co-opted member	Dr. Mark Crane Project Leader CSIRO AAHL Fish Diseases Laboratory	

13.2 APPENDIX 2: Australian National List of Reportable Diseases of Aquatic Animals

Disease Agent	OIE	NACA	Exotic to
FINFISH	IISIEU	listeu	Australia
Aeromonas salmonicida (atypical strains)	No	No	No
Aeromonas salmonicida var salmonicida (Eurunculosis)	No	No	Yes
Aphanomyces invaderis (Epizootic ulcerative syndrome)	Yes	Yes	No
Channel catfish virus	Yes	No	Yes
Edwardsiella ictaluri (Enteric senticaemia of catfish)	Yes	No	Yes
Epizootic haematopoietic necrosis virus	Yes	Yes	No
Gyrodactylus salaris	Yes	No	Yes
Infectious baematopoietic necrosis virus	Yes	Yes	Yes
Infectious pancreatic necrosis virus	Yes	Yes	Yes
Infectious salmon anaemia virus	Yes	No	Yes
Myxobolus cerebralis (Whirling disease)	No	No	Yes
Oncorhynchus masou virus	Yes	Yes	Yes
Piscirickettsia salmonis (Piscirickettsiosis)	Yes	No	Yes
Renibacterium salmoninarum (Bacterial kidney disease)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Spring viraemia of carp virus	Yes	Yes	Yes
Viral Encephalopathy and Retinopathy	Yes	Yes	No
Viral haemorrhadic septicaemia virus	Yes	Yes	Yes
Yersinia ruckeri (Enteric redmouth disease/versiniosis)	No	No	Yes (ERM)/No
CRUSTACEANS			
Aphanomyces astaci (Crayfish plague)	Yes	No	Yes
Baculoviral midgut gland necrosis virus	Yes	Yes	Yes
Baculovirus penaei	Yes	No	Yes
Infectious hypodermal and haematopoietic necrosis virus	Yes	Yes	Yes
Penaeus monodon-type baculovirus	Yes	No	No
Taura syndrome virus	No	No	Yes
Whitespot disease virus	Yes	Yes	Yes
Yellowhead disease virus	Yes	Yes	Yes
Necrotising Hepatopancreatitis	No	No	Yes
MOLLUSCS			
Bonamia ostreae (Bonamiosis)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Bonamia spp. (Bonamiosis)	Yes	Yes	No
Haplosporidium costale (Haplosporidiosis)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Haplosporidium nelsoni (Haplosporidiosis)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Marteilia refringens (Marteiliosis)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Marteilia sydneyi (Marteiliosis)	Yes	Yes	No
Mikrocytos mackini (Mikrocytosis)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mikrocytos roughleyi (Mikrocytosis)	Yes	Yes	No
Iridovirosis	Yes	No	Yes
Perkinsus marinus (Perkinsosis)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Perkinsus olseni (Perkinsosis)	Yes	Yes	No

13.3 APPENDIX 3: Fish Health Management Committee

MEMBER	REPRESENTATIVE	
Australian Chief Veterinary Officer (Chair)	Dr. Gardner Murray, OCVO, AFFA	
Fisheries and Aquaculture Branch (Secretariat)	Mr. Glenn Hurry, FAB, AFFA	
SCARM	Mr. John Pollock	
SCFA	Mr. Alex Schaap	
Aquaculture Industries	Mr. Richard Scoones, Australian Aquaculture Forum (AAF)	
Wild-catch Fisheries	Mr. Brian Jeffries, Australian Seafood Industry Council (ASIC)	
CSIRO Animal Health	Dr. Mike Rickard, CSIRO AAHL	
Recreational Fishing Industry	Mr. Angus Horwood, RecFish Australia	